Gloucestershire County Council

Network and Traffic Management

DEVELOPER INFORMATION PACK

TRAFFIC SIGNAL, INTELLIGENT TRANSPORT SYSTEMS AND ASSOCIATED CONTROL EQUIPMENT.

March 2017
Gloucestershire County Council
Network and Traffic Management

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GENERAL STATEMENT OF REQUIREMENTS

Gloucestershire County Council has a requirement under the Traffic Management Act to ensure the expeditious movement of all road users and provide a safe environment for all. Developers are therefore advised that where Signal Control is the preferred option, or the proposed development will increase or alter traffic volumes or movements, then they will be required to justify their decision both in the short and long term and provide comparison with alternative junction types. They will also be expected to provide proposals for mitigation measures on the wider highway network where appropriate.

This information pack has been prepared to assist the approvals procedure for developers and their agents when proposing traffic signal control and associated ITS solutions as part of development works. The processes and standards either set or referred in this document are those reasonably expected by this Authority to provide best practice solutions and designs for traffic signal control and associated works.

All developers or their agents are encouraged to contact Gloucestershire County Council Network and Traffic Management (GCC) at the earliest possible opportunity (pre-planning application submission) to discuss the implications of the proposals on the highway network.

Developers are advised that where traffic signal control is identified as the preferred option for management of traffic they will be required to justify their decision both in the short and long term and provide comparisons with alternative junction types.

Intelligent Transport Systems (ITS) are an important tool in the monitoring and management of the Highway network. Gloucestershire County Council is committed to the installation where appropriate of ITS equipment including CCTV, Automatic Number Plate Recognition (ANPR), Journey Time Management Systems (JTMS), Car Park management systems, Variable Message Signs (VMS) and communication cable ducts at, or in the vicinity of any new junction or modified junction proposed for the highway. Where appropriate a financial contribution to GCC wider route / area based ITS strategy may be requested.

All signal controlled junctions and pedestrian crossings will either form part of the Urban Traffic Control System (UTC) or if a standalone junction then MOVA will be the preferred operational strategy. At key junctions both UTC and MOVA maybe requested. The final decision on the strategic mode of operation for any proposed installation shall rest with Gloucestershire County Council (GCC) or the Secretary of State for Transport where decisions on development proposals are referred.

The current requirement for signal aspects is that they shall be all LED type. Signal controllers and installation cables will be Extra Low Voltage (ELV) unless otherwise agreed by Gloucestershire County Council (GCC). In addition, only equipment approved by Gloucestershire County Council Traffic Systems Section will be permitted for use on the highway. Gloucestershire County Council has a policy not to install Pelican crossings and unless otherwise agreed to install nearside pedestrian / cycle facilities at signal intersections.
Commuted sums for the ongoing maintenance of installations will be required to be paid by the developers to GCC covering a period of 15 years. The rates payable are reviewed annually on 1 April. The current Rates are:

- Standard Signal controlled installation £3,500.00 pa
- Standard Pedestrian crossing installation £2,250.00 pa

The commuted sums are calculated using:

“Commuted sums for future maintenance in relation to adoption and transfer of infrastructure assets” By Tym and Partners for DfT

Where specialist equipment is provided then commuted sums will be assessed on a site by site basis.

Where a developer has received technical approval, this approval will be valid for a maximum of two years only. GCC reserve the right to request the developer to re-submit their proposals for approval if the design of the junction is altered prior to construction commencing or if the two-year approval period has expired.
1 AIM OF THE INFORMATION PACK

1.1 This document sets the standards and requirements for the supply installation and maintenance of traffic signal equipment, and associated minor civil engineering works. It is the intention that Developers should use the document as an aid to meeting the required standards set by Gloucestershire County Council, ‘best practice’ and National Standards. The document is not a design guide and should be read in conjunction with the latest edition of Manual for Gloucestershire Streets – Traffic Management Systems and the Design Manual for Roads and Bridges (DMRB).

1.2 One of the aims of this document is to ensure that any new type of junction proposed for the installation on the highway network is the most appropriate type of junction or combination of junction types both in the short and long term.

1.3 Developers and their agents are encouraged to contact Gloucestershire County Council Traffic Systems Team or Highways Development Management Department to discuss their proposals at the earliest possible opportunity (the preference of Gloucestershire County Council is to participate in these discussions prior to any planning application being submitted).

1.4 Gloucestershire County Council (GCC) or its Agents reserve the right to amend the requirements defined in this document in line with any new legislation, amendment to current working practices or modifications in performance specifications, at any time. It is the responsibility of Developers or their Agents to contact the Highway Authority regarding amendments to this document.

1.5 To ensure consistency of equipment, increased reliability and reduced maintenance costs, all developers will be expected to use only signal control equipment approved by Gloucestershire County Council.

1.6 For further information The Traffic Systems Manager can be contacted on 01452-328964.

2 APPROVALS AND PROCEDURES

2.1 All designs shall be approved by Gloucestershire Council Network and Traffic Management Department or its Agents, and may be the subject of a Highways Agreement. During the pre-planning discussions GCC will endeavour to liaise with the Developer to share preliminary network and junction modelling where possible. Charges for data may be applicable.

2.2 The information to be supplied for approvals shall be in addition to that required to conform to the Construction (Design and Management) Regulations.

2.3 Submissions for junction control must be accompanied by a full Transport Assessment in agreement with GCC Highways Development Management Department, setting out the objectives to integrate planning and transport at the national, strategic and local level and to promote more sustainable transport choices both for carrying people and for moving freight.

2.4 Designs for traffic signal junctions must take into account capacity and safety and future maintenance liability. Developers shall ensure that Design Organisations follow design procedures defined in TA84/06 (Code of Practice for Traffic Control and Information Systems), Road Liaison Group “Management of Electronic Traffic Equipment” Code of Practice (September 2011) and have design processes certified under TA84/06.
2.5 Submissions shall also include an assessment of pedestrian, cycle and mobility impaired facilities – NMU (Non-Motorised Users).

2.6 Submissions shall include 85%ile vehicle speeds recorded in a suitable location relative to any proposed junction and where appropriate MOVA cruise speeds, undertaken by a specialist Mova validation engineer. These details should be included at stage-1 design.

2.7 Submissions and works are required to be checked and safety audited at three stages. The level of information to be supplied at each stage is defined below.

2.8 Project works programmes shall be copied to Gloucestershire County Council at the various design and construction stages. The works program shall identify key milestones for installation, testing and commissioning procedures.

2.9 Fees owed to the Gloucestershire County Council under Highway Agreements shall include commuted sums for maintenance and operation of signal installations. For further details contact Traffic Systems Manager on 01452-328964.

3 Safety Audits

3.1 The Developer is required to arrange safety audits at Preliminary Design (Stage 1), Detailed Design (Stage 2) and Pre-Opening (Stage 3). Safety audits shall be undertaken in accordance with HD19/15 and current GCC Road Safety teams audit policy documents.

3.2 Design submissions shall also include the designers’ safety audit exemption report.

4 Design Checks

4.1 Stage 1

The following information shall be submitted as a minimum for comment/approval at stage 1 design. General Arrangement layout(s) presented at a scale of 1:500 in CAD drawings on an accurate base; indicating proposals for:

a) Changes to alignment, levels and structures.
b) Traffic lanes, stop lines and island positions.
c) Signal equipment positions.
d) Outline of pedestrian/cycle/special facilities.
e) Capacity calculations including method of control with full input/output data and electronic file submission and an accompanying rationale of the assessment features.

• Approved assessment programmes are Linsig or Oscady for isolated junctions and Transyt / Linsig for linked systems. A link node diagram as defined in the Transyt user guide manual must accompany Transyt assessments. Linsig / Oscady assessments shall be accompanied by stage diagrams, traffic flow diagrams and a scale plan.

• Transyt or Linsig assessments of Signalised Gyratory or Roundabout Control must be accompanied by full lane flow data assessments.

• PARAMICS is the recommended micro-simulation software. The developer is required to request approval from Gloucestershire County Council for the presentation of any micro-simulation or alternative software assessments.
• Where submissions evaluate existing traffic signal junctions, every effort shall be made to record current junction performance and to validate supplied base models. Where existing junctions operate Mova, the Mova TM (DA / DF) logs shall be utilised to establish base model saturation flows and average stage appearance and duration statistics.

4.2 Stage 2
The following information shall be submitted for comment/approval at stage 2 design.

Contract specifications for both Civil Engineering and Traffic Signal installation works. The Civil Engineering details shall include all relevant appendices as defined in the Highway Works Specification. The Traffic Signal details shall include TR2500 data forms, MOVA dataset and diagram and SCOOT details where applicable.

Specifications shall incorporate an Appendix 12/5 as defined in the Highway Works Specification and as generically presented in this document. Alterations to the appendix 12-5 shall be made by way of reference to amended and supplementary clauses only. The document text shall not be altered.

Detailed design layout(s) presented at a scale of either 1:200 / 1:250 showing the following:

a) All civil engineering construction works.
b) Duct runs, drawpit types and locations and pole foundations.
c) Guard railing, drop kerbs and tactile slab positions.
d) Carriageway and footway surface treatments.
e) Road markings, studs and signs conforming to the latest edition of the Traffic Signs Regulations and General Directions and the Traffic Signs Manual.
f) Street Lighting.
g) Power supply details, including isolation and fuse discrimination details.
h) Signal head and pole positions. Including passively safe specifications.
i) Controller position and maintenance area.
j) Detection proposals.
k) Telemetry facilities and connections.
l) Special features and facilities.
m) Standard Construction Details.
n) Code of Practice TA84/06 Safety Case document
o) Test schedules
p) Cable schematic details

4.3 Stage 3
The following documents shall be included in the Design File in accordance with TA84/06 provided within one month of substantial completion or commission of installations. Scheme CDM details to be included in the Health and Safety File.

• As built drawings and records.
• Electrical safety test records and completion certificates.
• Controller configuration forms.
• Equipment settings.
• Cable layouts.
• Power Supply Details.

4.4 Final assessment files preferably in Linsig, if microsimulation then Paramics is the recommended microsimulation software. The developer is required to request approval from GCC for any alternative software.
4.5 The information to be supplied under section 4 is in addition to that required to conform to the Construction (Design and Management) Regulations.

4.6 Where proposals either affect, or are required to form a linked UTC signal system, all relevant information shall accompany details supplied under section 4. This additional information shall include:

a) Method of control and translation strategy for SCOOT control.
b) Control and reply word data.
c) Instation system configuration data.
d) Data transmission system details.
e) SCOOT loop details.
f) Other ITS related infrastructure.

4.7 Where proposals either affect or are required to form a linked MOVA signal system, all relevant information shall accompany details supplied under section 4. This additional information shall include:

a) MOVA dataset (pre-validation and post-validation)
b) MOVA license numbers, LIN, LIF and HIC
c) MOVA link/lane diagram

5 Design Requirements

5.1 In addition to the guidelines and standard details contained in this document, all signal designs shall conform to the latest Department of Transport Specifications, Technical Directives, Technical Advice notes and Traffic Advisory Leaflets. Particular attention shall be given to the design requirements for the visually and mobility impaired, Pedestrians and Cyclists.

5.2 The Developer shall note that all controlled pedestrian / cycle facilities shall utilise near-side displays, and unless otherwise agreed with Gloucestershire County Council or his Agent, shall incorporate all detection facilities as defined in TA 82/99 (LTN 1/95 & LTN 2/95) and TR2500.

5.3 All signal aspects shall be LED type.

5.4 Designs shall conform to the Construction (Design and Management) Regulations and TA 84/06.

5.5 GCC and its Agents may at its own discretion, determine that an installation is to be completely ELV (extra low voltage).

6 Supply and Installation Standards.

6.1 The Developer shall ensure that contracts conform with and refer to all Regulations, Acts and Specifications appropriate to the works, and that Contractors and Suppliers are fully approved to work on the Highway and are accredited to ISO 9000.

6.2 Installation works shall conform to the Construction (Design and Management) Regulations and TA84/06.
6.3 Factory and site acceptance tests shall be carried out in accordance with the test schedules contained in Appendix B. All electrical safety tests shall be carried out in accordance with and satisfy the requirements of the Electricity at Work Act Regulations. The Developer shall give a minimum of 14 days’ notice to the Director of Environment or his Agent of the test dates.

6.4 The Developer shall ensure that all construction works and activities on the Highway conform to the New Roads and Street Works Act 1991 (latest revised edition).

6.5 During the works, the Developer shall be responsible for providing information board signs. The signs shall advise the public both vehicular and pedestrian of:

   a) The reason for the works
   b) The anticipated start and end dates
   c) Emergency telephone number

6.6 A list of contract clauses and standard details are contained in the attached appendices, these shall be used to form the basis of the installation specification.

6.7 A generic Appendix 12/5 specification and standard details are contained in the appendices. These shall be used to form the basis of the Developer’s installation specification.

6.8 Where the Developer is proposing equipment new to the Authority or the equipment is requested by Gloucestershire County Council, all necessary test equipment shall be supplied free of charge to the Gloucestershire Environment Department.

7 STANDARDS FOR MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC SIGNALS

7.1 The Developer shall maintain the traffic signal installation for a period of either 28 days or 12 months (as required by Gloucestershire County Council); the level of maintenance shall be as defined in Appendix A.

8 CONTROL AND COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS

8.1 UTC SCOOT

8.1.1 The existing UTC/SCOOT control system is located at Shire Hall, Gloucester, and is a Siemens PC SCOOT supporting UTMC/ADSL formats in addition to supporting Telecommand 12 data transmission formats. Developers should note that Telecommand 12 is a 'life expired' system and is no longer supported by the supplier. In the event that proposals necessitate amendments or additions to sub-areas operating this system, the Developer will be required to upgrade either in part or whole, the instation and outstation data transmission system and connecting communications network. System requirements may well vary throughout the life of this document.

8.1.2 New junctions to be added to the Urban Traffic Control system will require a British Telecom local end ADSL connection or local fibre or copper connection to existing adjacent systems. Wireless systems may also be supplied with prior discussion and approval of GCC. Should capacity at the Instation be exceeded then an additional ADSL / 4G connection at the Instation may also be required. Outstation local end connections shall be terminated with BT line termination units housed in the controller.

8.1.3 The whole cost of BT line / communications provision shall be paid for by the Developer, this shall also include the first years’ rental and ‘Total Care’ or similar maintenance.
8.1.4 All signal control and monitoring equipment must be compliant with UTMC2 data objects directory and have the capability to be IP addressable at no cost to GCC.

8.1.5 A Westermo D260/D270 router or equivalent shall be supplied and installed and set-up including IP addressing and sub-net masks with UTMC UG405 outstations.

8.1.6 The Developer shall incorporate all aspects of UTC/SCOOT installation within his proposed works making due allowance for additional testing and commissioning procedures, database preparation, SCOOT validation and fine tuning.

8.1.7 A report shall be produced documenting all actions undertaken to be copied to Gloucestershire County Council within 14 days of completion. For large schemes, interim progress reports shall be made available.

8.1.8 Where Gloucestershire County require both MOVA and UTC control strategies these shall be provided and set up by the Developer utilising optimal equipment configurations.

8.2 MOVA

8.2.1 MOVA will be required at all isolated junctions unless otherwise approved by GCC.

8.2.2 Any new MOVA controlled junctions shall be fully compatible with the current version of the Gloucestershire County Council RMS / UTC Instation system in terms of operation and fault monitoring (please contact GCC for details of latest system).

8.2.3 Specialist MOVA design and validation engineers shall be employed by the Developer to undertake pre-works assessment of junction proposals, design and validation.

8.2.4 On completion of validation a report shall be produced documenting actions undertaken and any recommendations for improvement made. The report shall be copied to Gloucestershire County Council within 14 days of completion.

8.3 Remote Monitoring

8.3.1 GCC currently operates a remote monitoring system which is undergoing a period of change and therefore the Developer must contact GCC to ascertain details. Unless specified otherwise, all new junctions and controlled crossings (excluding those to be controlled under the UTC system) shall be connected to the remote monitoring system. Site configuration data shall be supplied and installed on the Remote Monitoring System within one week of works completion.

8.4 Bus and Emergency Vehicle Priority

8.4.1 As part of ongoing commitment to improved public transport systems, GCC promotes the use of Bus Priority either via the SCOOT system and or local control at traffic signal junctions. The Developer shall consider the effect of any proposals on both bus and emergency vehicle routes. Where the local authority considers it necessary the Developer will be directed to provide systems as part of the works.

8.4.2 Approved specialist supplier is Trapeze.

9 TESTING AND COMMISSIONING PROCEDURES
9.1 Gloucestershire County Council representatives from the Traffic Management and Major Projects will attend Factory and Site Acceptance Testing. 14 days notice shall be given to GCC or his Agent of Factory and Site Acceptance tests. A draft controller configuration shall be supplied in emulation and PDF formats for initial review and comment.

9.2 Factory Acceptance Tests shall be carried out on the signal controller, detection system and monitoring systems at least 1 week prior to the date for installation on site. The Developer shall demonstrate to GCC or his Agent that the controller and any peripheral equipment conforms to Highway Agency specifications and standards, the TR2500 specification forms and the test schedule.

9.3 Site Acceptance Tests shall be performed on a date agreed between the Developer, and GCC his Agent upon completion of the whole of the works as identified in the specification.

9.4 The Developer shall be satisfied that the site is complete and safe, for test purposes.

9.5 Tests shall be demonstrated in accordance with the site acceptance test schedule. If any Factory Tests are to be repeated as part of site testing, then these shall be administered in accordance with appropriate schedules. Repeat visits to complete FAT or SAT will be recharged to the Developer.

9.6 As well as tests on the controller as identified above; electrical safety and earthing site installation tests shall be carried out and documented on the appropriate forms. The results of all tests shall be submitted to Gloucestershire County Council or his Agent for approval within one week of works completion.

9.7 The Developer shall ensure that the requirements of the current edition of BS7671, the Electricity at Work Act Regulations (SI 1989/635) and the Building Regulations 1991 (SI 1991/2768) amended by (SI 1992/1180) are complied with. Upon the completion of the installation, the Developer shall issue to the Director of Environment or his Agent an electrical completion certificate as identified in Appendix B3.

10 CIVIL ENGINEERING

10.1 All Civil Engineering works associated with the installation of traffic signals shall be undertaken in accordance with the Department of Transport Highway works specification the latest advice on good working practice.

10.2 The Developer shall ensure that Contractors undertaking works on the Highway conform to the conditions of current Health and Safety legislation and Chapter 8 traffic safety and management requirements.

10.3 All traffic management proposals shall be subject to approval by The Director of Environment or his Agent.

10.4 Notice periods for Applications for Consent are defined in Appendix D.

10.5 Civil Engineering works shall be subject to a 52-week maintenance period.

10.6 All works shall conform to the New Roads and Street Works Act 1991 (latest revised edition).

10.7 Temporary warning signs shall be provided for a 3-month period following completion. Proposals for type and position shall accompany Stage 2 design submissions.
10.8 Gloucestershire County Council currently adopts a policy of full duct and drawpit systems at all signal installations. Standard construction drawings refer. NAL retention sockets (or equivalent with prior approval by GCC) shall be used at all pole locations with a connection of not more than 4m to the nearest drawpit. Exceptionally, pole-boxes may be used with prior approval from GCC if site conditions negate the use of retention sockets.

10.9 Detector boxes and main drawpits shall be supplied as per standard drawings. GCC policy also includes the requirement to separate low and extra low voltage cables by utilising separate duct runs. Duct system design must therefore accommodate this requirement. In new installations, only ELV cable systems shall be installed.

10.10 All drawpit footway covers shall be non-slip with a minimum average SRV of 84 wet and 50 dry.

10.11 Any proposals shall include an appropriate area allocated for maintenance engineers to park their vehicles in close proximity to the controller location.

11 INTELLIGENT TRANSPORT SYSTEMS (ITS)

11.1 As part of its commitment to monitor and manage the network and to enable it to fulfil its duties under the Traffic Management Act (TMA) Gloucestershire County Council are committed to the deployment of ITS solutions on the network.

11.2 The Developer will need to consider the impact of their proposals on the network and include within their proposals, options for meeting the above aims. To aid the developer GCC have developed route-based strategies identifying locations of ITS equipment. This strategy is available upon request from the Traffic Signal Manager on 01452 328964.

11.3 GCC currently use Automatic Number Plate Recognition (ANPR) for Journey Time Management (JTM), CCTV systems in use are Siemens Telscan and WCCTV. Swarco- car park management and multi text Variable Message Signs.

11.4 ANPR equipment will be dual purpose and provide both journey time measurement and Automatic number plate recognition capability.

11.5 VMS signs will be 4 line multi text 18 to 20 characters per line.

11.6 Full specification details can be obtained from the traffic systems manager.

11.7 In addition to the above GCC may seek non-specific contributions from the Developer towards the expansion of the ITS network and the development of fibre optic communications network, or alternatively request that the Developer installs a communications duct through as part of their works.

11.8 GCC use a combination of communications modes on its existing ITS equipment including Private circuits, Radio, Fibre, PSTN, and ADSL. Developers should note that It is GCC aim to minimise its revenue liability as far as is practicable when considering the maintenance of existing or new communications systems.

11.9 GCC recommend that the developer contacts the Traffic Systems Manager at an early stage to determine project requirements.
12.0 CCTV

12.1 The camera configuration shall meet the following requirements: Gloucestershire County Council currently use Telscan (Siemens) and WCCTV, CCTV equipment. Alternative camera suppliers must be fully compatible with these systems or with direct viewing on Gloucestershire County Council's common database system.
Appendix A

Gloucestershire County Council
Network and Traffic Management

WORKS INFORMATION

Traffic Signal Appendix 12/5 Specification

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1.0 Introduction

1.1 This Appendix references the specification requirements for the procurement, supply, installation and commissioning of traffic signal equipment by the Contractor. Unless specified otherwise, work supplied under this Contract shall comply fully with the latest standards as detailed in the Department for Transport (DfT) Highway Works Specification. Where differences arise between the content of this Appendix and any generic / referenced specifications or documents the contents of this appendix shall be followed.

1.2 Specific civil engineering requirements are additionally provided with respect to the erection of traffic signal street furniture and associated service duct and drawpit systems. These requirements are additional and supplementary to any other engineering requirements / specifications detailed in this Contract.

1.3 The Overseeing Organisation shall issue to the Contractor, site specific design drawings and schedules, providing information relating to the traffic signal installation and the location of the traffic signal equipment.

1.4 The Contractor shall be responsible for ensuring that any Sub-Contractor(s) employed under this Contract are identified to the Overseeing Organisation for approval, and that all works are fully supervised and checked to be in accordance with the specification.

1.5 The Contractor shall be deemed to have inspected the sites at the time of preparing his tender and satisfied himself on all matters relating to the requirements of this Appendix.

1.6 The Contractor should note that the Overseeing Organisation does not allow new traffic signal installations to be commissioned on Fridays, Saturdays, Sundays or Bank Holidays, unless specifically identified in site specific works information.

2.0 Traffic Control Hardware

2.1 General

2.1.1 All traffic signal control hardware shall have been granted statutory approval by the DfT. Self-Certification shall be in accordance with TRG0600. The level of approval shall be stated providing details of any limitations imposed on its use. Where full type approval has not been granted, the Overseeing Organisation may seek to obtain references for any equipment proposed to be used.

2.2 Controller Specification

2.2.1 Traffic Signal Controllers (Junction/ Pedestrian Crossing) conform to the latest issue of TR2500 “Specification for Microprocessor Based Traffic Signal Controller”.

2.2.2 Wig-wag controllers conform to the latest issue of TR2513 “Performance Specification for Wig Wag Signal Control Equipment”

2.2.3 Controller cabinets shall have a front opening door and shall have a means of accessing equipment to the rear of cabinet. They shall be supplied with one complete set of keys type RKA27c (including 'T’ key) to permit access to all parts of the controller. The keys shall be given to the Overseeing Organisation following site acceptance testing.
2.2.4 Controller cabinets shall include space for the addition of an Outstation Transmission Unit (OTU), an Outstation Monitoring & Control Unit (OMCU) or a Microprocessor Optimised Vehicle Actuation Unit (MOVA). Space shall also be available for Trapeze or equivalent compatible Bus Priority Unit (approved by GCC) and CCTV/ Fibre router and communication interface. Adequate provision shall also be made for the safe storage of controller documentation in the cabinets by the provision of a door pocket. Cabinets shall be Black and include an anti-graffiti coating. Miscellaneous Equipment Cabinets shall be used to ensure that adequate space is provided for all specified equipment and rationalisation of cable and add-on facility connections. Generally, MEC’s shall be used to rationalise lamp cables and not detector racks / packs. MEC’s without detector racks / packs shall be fitted with a thermostatically controlled heater.

2.2.5 Unless otherwise specified two 13 amp 3-pin electricity supply outlets to BS1363 shall be provided inside each controller cabinet and MEC and shall be protected by a residual current device of maximum rating 30mA. Separately fused supplies shall be provided as required for the use of the OTU / OMCU / detection and other ancillary components. A minimum of two fused auxiliary power supplies shall be provided as standard. A minimum of two additional fused auxiliary power supplies shall be provided over and above those used for the initial installation, to be reserved for future use.

2.2.6 All traffic signal controllers (including pedestrian and wig-wag) shall have externally accessed manual panel and external DFM indicator. All manual panel switches and indicators shall be clearly labelled with their function (including special facilities). A stage diagram shall be provided on the inside of the manual panel door, with clearly labelled stages and phases, by means of silk-screening or suitable weather proof adhesive label. For multi-stream junctions, the label should indicate the stages called by which manual buttons. LED’s associated with stage buttons shall light to show which stage is active on street in all modes without the requirement of plugging in a handset.

2.2.7 Traffic signal controllers shall be configured in accordance with a site specific TR2500 specification issued by the Overseeing Organisation as part of works information.

2.2.8 Traffic signal junction controllers shall be supplied with a minimum number of 16 phases and shall be capable of a 32-phase configuration.

2.2.9 Controller and MEC setting out shall take into account adequate and appropriate clearance to all equipment and safe working distances from Road Restrain Systems.

2.3 Factory Testing (Junction Controllers)

2.3.1 Configured junction controllers shall be made available for testing at the signal company’s local depot or the Overseeing Organisation Offices. The Contractor shall ensure that any controller is made available for factory acceptance testing no later than four weeks from the issue of the TR2500 works specifications and two weeks prior to site installation, unless agreed otherwise by the Overseeing Organisation. The Contractor shall give the Overseeing Organisation at least two weeks notice of the controllers being ready for depot/factory acceptance testing. A copy of the configured specification in PDF and Emulation Format shall be given to the Overseeing Organisation at this time.

2.3.2 The tests shall be undertaken by the Overseeing Organisation with the Contractor present, who shall demonstrate compliance with the TR 2500 works specifications and drawings. Suitable signal lamp mimics, adequate means of simulating detector inputs and an interface to simulate Urban Traffic Control shall be provided for use during the tests.
2.3.3 Safety critical tests including green conflicts and red lamp monitor tests shall be carried out on the actual controller and not on a software emulator. A certificate shall be issued as evidence of test compliance. The Contractor shall supply to the Overseeing Organisation a copy of the controller configuration upon successful completion of the depot/factory tests in hard copy, PDF and Prom file formats.

2.3.4 Repeat tests shall be offered within one week of the initial test failure. All costs incurred by the County Council in attending the retest will be met by the contractor.

2.4 Factory Testing Pedestrian Controllers

2.4.1 Normally, there is no requirement to factory/depot acceptance test pedestrian controllers, however GCC reserve the right to attend FAT under certain circumstances. All testing by the Overseeing Organisation will be carried out within the site acceptance test procedures. Timings for the crossing sequence will be provided by the Overseeing Organisation no later than four weeks before the controllers are required on site.

2.4.2 The controller configuration for crossings with MOVA or any special requirements must be submitted to GCC for checking not less than 2 weeks prior to the controller being delivered to site. Exceptionally, GCC may request attendance at FAT.

2.4.3 Following configuration of the controller and completion of FAT the Contractor shall deliver and install the controller in its permanent site location. The controller shall be installed in accordance with the agreed programme of works and in agreement with the Overseeing Organisation.

2.5 Detection Specification

2.5.1 Loop detector units, shall conform to the latest issue of MCE 0108 “Siting of Inductive Loops for Vehicle Detecting Equipment at Permanent Road Traffic Signal Installations”, MCH1542 “Installation Guide to MOVA” and MCH1352 ‘Technical Guide to SCOOT loop siting”

2.5.2 Above ground vehicle detection, shall conform to the latest issue of TR2505 “Performance Specification for Above Ground Vehicle Detector Systems for use at Permanent Traffic Signal Installations”.

2.5.3 Above ground on-crossing pedestrian detectors, shall conform to TR2506 “Specification for Above Ground On-Crossing Pedestrian Detection Systems for use at Puffin Crossings”.

2.5.4 Above ground kerbside pedestrian detectors, shall conform to the latest issue of TR 2507 “Performance Specification for Kerbside Detection Systems for use with Nearside Signals and Demand Units”, incorporating all released amendments and references.

2.6 OTU Specification

2.6.1 Outstation Transmission Units (OTU) shall conform to the latest issue of TR2523 ‘Traffic control Equipment Interfacing Specification’

2.6.2 Full compatibility with Network and Traffic Management Environment Directorate Urban Traffic Control System shall be guaranteed, either in the form of Siemens Telecommand 12 units for existing sites or UG405 (Siemens Gemini) UG405 (Siemens Stratos) / Integral UG405 / Peek (Dynniq) Chameleon for UTMC.
2.7 OMCU Specification

2.7.1 Outstation Monitoring & Control Units (OMCU) shall conform to the latest issue of TR2522 “Remote Monitoring and Control of Traffic Control Equipment via a Telecommunications Network”.

2.7.2 Full compatibility with Network and Traffic Management Environment Directorate Remote Monitoring System shall be guaranteed. Complete with current sensing transformers, detector input leads and the appropriate link cable for add-on installation or installed as semi-integral. GCC to advise of current system. The TRN-RS232 connecting cable shall provide full handset communications via the OMU to the controller both locally (on site) or from the RMS instation. Both controller and Mova interrogation shall be possible.

2.7.3 Each site specific OMCU shall be supplied fitted and tested as part of the controller installation tests for new or refurbishment installations. The RMS configuration file including live update diagrams shall be supplied and loaded prior to works completion ready for testing.

2.7.4 Preference shall be given to IP addressable Mova 7 / Mova 8 platforms; specific approval shall be sought for non-IP addressable platforms.

2.8 MOVA Unit Specification

2.8.1 Microprocessor Optimised Vehicle Actuation Units (MOVA) shall conform to the latest issue of MCH1542 “Installation Guide for MOVA”.

2.8.2 MOVA systems are to be supplied as a 3U unit or integral, being compatible with the remote monitoring system.

2.9 ADSL Routers Specification

2.9.1 In order to comply with Network and Traffic Management Environment Directorate UTMC system networks, ADSL or 3/4G routers shall be as supplied by Westermo external specification DR-260 / DR270 or equivalent. This should include all network cables and ADSL filter units and suitable Ethernet connections for additional equipment and remote laptop interrogation.

2.9.2 Where more than one controller is to be connected utilising the same communications link. Ethernet connections using multi-port Ethernet amplification systems such as Westermo Wolverine or similar, shall be supplied and connected with either armoured 16c cable or 10pr CAT5e jelly filled BT type cable.

2.9.2 In circumstances as defined in 2.9.2 above the controller, UTMC / OMCU / MOVA system shall be capable of remote (MEC) or (system) IP addressable interrogation.

2.9.3 The Contractor shall take full responsibility for the setting up of either Instation or Outstation routers, including the setting of IP tunnels for full UTMC compliant system communications.

3.0 Traffic Signal Street Furniture

3.1 General
3.1.1 All traffic signal street furniture shall be fully type approved by the DfT and shall conform to TR2523 “Traffic Signal Equipment Interfacing Specification” and any other current approved standards.

3.2 Signal Poles Specification

3.2.1 All traffic signal poles shall be galvanised prior to the application of black plastic coating. They shall not be supplied with pre-drilled holes for push button units. Holes shall be drilled on site as required in accordance with the design and/or Overseeing Organisation’s site instructions. All pole caps shall match the colour of the poles.

3.2.2 Where a signal pole is to be used in a retention socket the Contractor shall supply the appropriate length signal pole and cable entry system.

3.2.3 Where a passively safe post is specified the contractor shall supply and install an automated electronic disconnection device for each cable serving that pole. Details of these devices shall be provided to the Overseeing Organisation prior to procurement and installation. The mechanism shall be appropriate to the expected impact failure of the pole; that is, whether the pole will fail by bending or by break-away on impact. A risk assessment shall be provided giving details and including any reasons why passively safe poles are not to be used, if this is the case. It should be noted passively safe poles should be considered for all sites, including those with pedestrian crossings, and not solely restricted to those deemed as high speed.

3.2.4 The Contractor shall be able to supply 114mm (base) expanding to 145mm dia poles or similar with welded caps and lower access door assemblies with integral backing boards. The base of the pole shall be sealed to prevent the ingress of moisture after cable installation or a suitable IP rated enclosure shall be provided. Consideration of this type of pole should be made at locations where instances of working at height are to be reduced for safety reasons during installation and maintenance, or for any other reason outlined or specified by GCC.

3.2.5 Stub push button unit poles shall be supplied with welded caps, and earthed bonded via a brass stud, tapped into the push button unit. Where stub poles carry a nearside display and push button the pole must extend up the whole length of the display unit.

3.2.6 All cantilever poles shall be swan neck design with smooth formed internal sections.

3.2.7 Tall poles between 6-8m in length shall have welded top caps and large (165/168mm) bases complete with access door and fitted backing board. The base of the pole shall be sealed to prevent the ingress of moisture after cable installation or a suitable IP rated enclosure shall be provided. Where appropriate, hinged type poles compliant to BS EN12767 and EN12899 should be considered for ease of maintenance. Risk assessments should be used to determine any requirement. It should be noted that certain suppliers utilise a 165mm base post. Where these are to be installed in conjunction with RF168m NAL sockets, suitable reducing shims shall be installed.

3.2.8 Mast arms shall comply to Highway Agency design and installation standards. Mast arms may be root fixed or mounted on specifically designed foundations with bespoke holding-down assemblies. Mast arms shall be supplied in segments for site assembly and in accordance with site specific specifications to be provided in works information. The base of the mast arm shall be sealed to prevent the ingress of moisture after cable installation or a suitable IP rated enclosure shall be provided. Where appropriate, rotating type poles compliant to BS EN12767 should be considered for ease of maintenance. Risk assessments should be used to determine any requirement.
3.2.9 Supplier fabrication, erection and wind loading details of tall poles and mast arms may be requested from the Contractor during the design stage of the project.

3.2.10 Pole setting out shall take into account adequate and appropriate clearance to all equipment and safe working distances from Road Restrain Systems.

3.3 Cabling Specification

3.3.1 Low voltage/extra low voltage cabling shall conform to the latest issue of BS EN50525

3.3.2 Inductive loop cable and loop feeder cable shall conform to the latest issue of BS6195

3.3.3 The Contractor shall be responsible for the design of the electrical installation and compatibility with standards and specifications and shall issue certificates as required by the regional electricity company and the Overseeing Organisation.

3.3.4 Low voltage/Extra low voltage power cable shall be supplied as 1.5mm² and shall be subject to the Contractor's review and recommendation for cable specifications for site specific circumstances. 16 core (minimum) steel wire armoured copper cable, PVC insulated sheathing shall be coloured ORANGE and be marked TRAFFIC SIGNALS at 1m intervals. Additional core cable shall be provided as required for installations requiring extra connectivity whilst maintaining a minimum of 4 spare cores or 25%, whichever is greater, on each cable run. Each and every pole shall have its own cable, with the exception of adjacent linked stub poles.

3.3.5 Inductive loop feeder cable shall be supplied as 2.5mm² 1/1.38 plain annealed circular copper conductor with 0.7mm radial polyethylene insulation with four cores (2 pairs). Cores shall be laid up in pairs and twisted together, right hand lay, with 5 to 10 turns per metre, bedded in natural polyethylene of 0.8mm nominal radial thickness. An outer sheath of orange polyethylene of 1.4mm nominal radial thickness shall be applied.

3.3.6 Two-pair feeder shall be installed unless otherwise agreed with the Overseeing Organisation with a separate cable allocated to each and every loop. Feeder cables shall be terminated in suitable terminal blocks fixed in the base of the controller with a minimum of 1.00m untrimmed excess feeder cable tied back neatly in the controller case or termination cabinet. The feeder cable cores shall then be soft-wired into the controller I/O connectors.

3.3.7 Inductive loop cable shall be supplied as 1.5mm² 30/0.25 tinned annealed copper conductor insulated with 0.8mm radial thickness of ethylene propylene rubber (EPR) and sheathed with 1.4mm radial thickness of Polychloroprene (PCP). Overall diameter shall fall within a tolerance of 6.8mm (minimum) of 7.2mm (maximum).

3.3.8 Controller to controller or to miscellaneous cabinet link cabling shall be to the same specification as 16-core low voltage power cable or CAT5 Ethernet cable or other suitable cable to fulfil specification requirements.

3.4 Signal Head Specification

3.4.1 All traffic signal aspects (excepting regulatory aspects) shall be fitted with either primary or secondary cowls. All backing boards shall have a border of Class 1 retro-reflective material (white) pressure sensitive or vacuum application may be used in accordance with manufacturer's procedures. Application of pressure sensitive material shall take place on dry surfaces. An ambient temperature of 15°C minimum is recommended for satisfactory adhesion. The material shall have a 50mm width throughout. Where the continuous border bridges each backing board/signal head a distinct cut edge shall be made to avoid any
subsequent stretching/shrinkage of dissimilar surfaces. The finished border shall be of a neat appearance and not made up of short lengths of cuttings.

3.4.2 Regulatory aspects on signal heads shall comply to the latest issue of BS EN12368. Aspects shall be individually fused with an in-line chassis mounted fuse holder within the head. The fuse shall be rated at no more than 1 Amp and shall be easily accessible. Illumination shall be provided by low energy long life type ES or BC lamps.

3.4.3 Signal head mounting brackets shall be long enough to provide a minimum of 125º rotational adjustment. Head arrangements susceptible to rotation shall be secured with supplementary fixing brackets. The use of offset brackets shall be minimised and only used with the approval of the Overseeing Organisation.

3.4.4 Far side pedestrian heads shall generally be ‘side mounted’ wherever possible in order to increase carriageway clearance.

3.4.5 Signal lamp dimming to 160V (LV) and 30V (ELV) shall be provided. A software command shall be provided to override dimming settings.

3.4.6 Signal aspect lamps shall be M32 or M32L 12V 50W GY6.35 4000 hour or centrally sourced LED's for either LV or ELV voltage installations. Full lamp and red lamp monitoring shall be available for all lamp types. Only ELV lamps shall be installed at new or upgraded installations.

3.4.7 The Contractor shall be responsible for installing vehicular signal heads on overhead mast arms and tall signal poles (exceeding 4 metres long) including the hiring of lifting equipment and traffic management. The lamp transformers shall be located in the base of the column overhead mast arm and the door and column shall be earthed to current edition wiring regulations. Where signal heads are mounted on either lamp column or mast arm shafts, only one hole shall be drilled for cable entry. Heads shall be mounted by using purpose made clamp brackets. Any holes drilled in columns for cable entry shall be de-burred and a rubber grommet used to seal the edge prior to cabling. Where cables are required to be looped from one head to another, protective tubing such as 'kopex' shall be used, securely fixed and glanded at each end entering the head. Cable terminations shall be fixed in weatherproof housings. It is not standard practice to use street lighting columns for mounting traffic signal heads. However, where lamp columns are used the power supply to the column must be connected to the same mains phase as the traffic signal controller. Signal heads should only be mounted on lighting columns with prior permission from GCC.

3.4.8 Where refurbishment works or site specific details determine that controllers and signal heads from different suppliers may be used, the Contractor shall provide a statement on the performance and compliance of such installations with respect to longevity, maintenance, lamp monitoring and red lamp monitoring.

3.5 Tactile Equipment Specification

3.5.1 Rotating cone tactile devices shall conform to the latest issue of TR2508 “Performance Specification for Tactile Equipment for use at Pedestrian Crossings”.

3.5.2 The tactile equipment shall consist of a tactile unit and power supply. The power supply shall provide an extra low voltage output to energise the drive mechanism of the tactile unit.

3.5.3 Tactile equipment shall be of the brushless variety and shall be capable of terminating after a pre-determined time without controller conditioning.
3.6 **Push Button Units Specification**

3.6.1 Push button units shall be constructed in durable vandal resistant non-combustible material.

3.6.2 Push button switches, 'WAIT'/demand indicators, and audible/tactile devices shall be capable of operating on 48 volts or less.

3.6.3 Push button units are to be fitted with audible units as required and be capable of accepting tactile units in addition to the audible unit. A facility shall exist to inhibit the audible signal between 22:00 and 07:30 each day or at any other times as specified. Units shall be in accordance with the latest issue of TR2509 “Performance Specification for Audible Equipment for use at Pedestrian Crossings”.

3.7 **Pedestrian Nearside Signal Head / Puffin Demand Unit Specification**

3.7.1 Pedestrian nearside signal heads shall be in accordance with the latest issue of TR2511 “Performance Specification for Nearside Signal and Demand Unit”. Cycle/pedestrian aspects shall be LED design and fitted with 3M masks or other equivalent means of limiting phantom effects.

4.0 **Installation Standards for Traffic Control Equipment**

4.1 **General**

4.1.1 All traffic signal equipment shall be set out in accordance installed at the positions shown on the Contract Drawings which shall be verified on Site in conjunction with the Overseeing Organisation prior to the commencement of work. Pole and Cabinet setting out shall take into account adequate and appropriate clearance to all equipment and safe working distances from Road Restrain Systems.

4.1.2 Responsibility for safe working whilst on site shall lie with the Contractor. Adherence to site specific rules and health and safety documentation issued by the Principal Contractor under CDM is mandatory. In addition, the following working practises, regulations and specifications shall also be adhered to:

a) Electricity at Work Regulations 1989
b) Health and Safety at Work Act 1974
c) Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999
d) Construction (Design and Management) Regulations 2015
e) COSHH regulations
g) Chapter 8 Traffic Signs Manual.
h) TA82/99 (LTN 1/98) The Installation of Traffic Signals and Associated Equipment
i) TA86/04 Code of Practice for Traffic Control and Information Systems
j) The Traffic Signs Regulations and General Directions
k) MCE 0108 Siting of Inductive Loops for Vehicle Detecting Equipment at Permanent Road Traffic Signal Installations
l) MCH1352 Technical Guide to SCOOT Loop Siting
m) MCH1542 Installation Guide for MOVA
n) EMC Regulations (SI 1992 No 2372 as amended).
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4.2  Controller

4.2.1 The controller shall only be installed once a permanent mains power supply is available.

4.2.2 The controller shall be installed on a NAL root foundation (Black finish) or with prior agreement on a standard root foundation at the location detailed on the Contract Drawings. The NAL foundation shall be fitted with a BT type integral housing. The Contractor shall ensure that the detector fault monitor lamp is visible from the main carriageway without the need to open any doors and that when standing with the controller door open, optimum view of the junction is obtained. Access to controller cabinets shall be free from any obstruction. The Contractor shall provide a separate 50mm diameter duct (grey) for a telemetry connection, which shall terminate above the final base seal level. The duct entry shall be sealed to prevent the ingress of moisture but the seal shall be removable to allow telemetry equipment to be installed subsequently.

4.2.3 Controllers mounted on a root based plinth shall be sealed at base level and controllers mounted on a post shall be sealed just below the post access door. Sealing grommets shall be used with NAL foundations. With standard base, following the termination of all signal cables the Contractor shall backfill the controller void with dry compacted sand. This shall be sealed by a 6mm thick epoxy resin to form a water and airtight seal. New traffic signal controllers must not be pole mounted.

4.2.4 All traffic signal controller cabinets shall be permanently numbered externally with the site maintenance number as advised by the Overseeing Organisation. Numbers shall be self-adhesive with a character height of 50mm and coloured black on white. Numbers shall be positioned such that they are visible from the adjacent road network.

4.2.5 The Contractor shall arrange for training to be given for any new software or modifications to the controller or any other item supplied which has not been previously used.

4.2.6 The Contractor shall supply a suitable schedule of spares and replacement spares to cover all proprietary equipment supplied.

4.2.7 Where controller configuration is to be carried out by the contractor, they shall also include the supply of the configuration data in electronic format issued by email to the Overseeing Organisation. Two hard copies of the controller specification printout, (1no to be left in the controller) shall be supplied to the Overseeing Organisation on completion of the FAT. The Contractor shall also supply a draft configuration in test file format and PDF format 1-week prior to the FAT to enable a review by the Overseeing Organisation.

4.3  Detection

4.3.1 The Contractor shall install all vehicle detector units in accordance with the manufacturer’s instructions ensuring that operational tolerances are achieved. Loop detector units shall be installed and terminated in the controller’s intelligent backplane and detector racking. Detector units specific to SCOOT UTC shall be installed in the detector racking integral to the Outstation Transmission Unit (OTU).

4.3.2 All loop detector units shall be suitably labelled on the adjacent racking identifying each channel with its associated input.
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TRAFFIC SIGNAL, INTELLIGENT TRANSPORT SYSTEMS AND ASSOCIATED CONTROL EQUIPMENT.

4.3.3 Detector sensitivity and frequency settings shall be adjusted to achieve optimum performance for the detection system in operation. Cross-talk between adjacent channels shall be eliminated. The Contractor shall adjust the sensitivity and presence time of each detector channel to the requirements specified by the Overseeing Organisation within the ranges specified in the DfT Specification MCE 0100E. The Contractor shall demonstrate the correct operation of the detector at the sensitivity for all classes of vehicles including cycles.

4.3.4 Adjacent stop line loops (particularly those designed as rectangles) shall be call delayed in the phase red period. Where these detectors are also used as Moya detectors the call delay shall be applied to the Moya detector output (Mdetxx).

4.3.5 Vehicle detection may also be specified as above ground detectors, either digital view, image-processed, microwave or infrared technology. These detectors shall conform to the Highway Agency Specification TR2505. Power supplies to above ground detection shall be 24 volts and located in controller.

4.3.6 Other detection systems such as ‘magnetometers’ may also be specified. Details of specialist suppliers and products may form part of site specific works information, with products either free issued to the Contractor for installation, separated into specialist contracts or as nominated contractors. The Contractor may be consulted during the design stage with reference to such systems. However, it is GCC’s preference that loop based systems be used wherever possible and the Developer must validate his reasons for deviating from this standard. GCC reserve the right to not accept certain systems on a site by site basis or if the reason for non-use of loops is due to financial considerations only.

4.4 OTU

4.4.1 The Contractor shall install Outstation Transmission Units (OTU) / UG405 including associated SCOOT detection and router in its appropriate cabinet. The configuration of each Unit site address shall be carried out by the Contractor to the Overseeing Organisation’s requirements advised at the time of commission.

4.4.2 Functionality of the Unit shall be demonstrated fully during the SAT including the checking of SCOOT detector inputs and Force/Reply bits. Production and downloading of the .CSV files shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.

4.4.3 The (OTU) shall have its own fused auxiliary power supply, suitable rated and marked accordingly.

4.5 OMCU

4.5.1 The Contractor shall install the Outstation Monitoring Unit (OMCU) or integral facility in its appropriate controller cabinet as identified in the scheme specific details. All connections / torroids shall be made on the controller side of incoming cable terminations. The configuration of each OMCU shall be carried out by the Contractor to the Overseeing Organisation’s requirements at the time of commission, including instation configuration, and working graphic mimic.

4.5.2 The OMCU shall have its own fused auxiliary power supply, suitably rated and marked accordingly.

4.5.3 The OMCU may be specified as ADSL or GSM module as detailed in works information. Where the unit is GSM the Overseeing Organisation shall free issue, a data enabled SIM card.
4.5.4 Supplied units shall be fully compatible with the current version of Remote Monitoring Instation software and hardware.

4.5.5 Where the unit is also configured for MOVA the following clauses shall also apply.

4.6 MOVA Unit

4.6.1 The Contractor shall install Microprocessor Optimised Vehicle Actuation (MOVA) unit or integral facility in its appropriate controller cabinet as defined in the scheme specific details.

4.6.2 The MOVA unit shall be either integral or communicate with the controller either via the RS232 port. The detector inputs shall be made directly from the detector units to the MOVA equipment for add on installation; for serial installation, all detector inputs shall be nominated in the controller I/O allocation.

4.6.3 The MOVA unit shall have its own fused auxiliary power supply, suitable rated and marked accordingly.

4.6.4 The Contractor shall supply MOVA LIN and LIF details where appropriate to the Overseeing Organisation.

4.6.5 Integral MOVA may be utilised as the discretion of the Overseeing Organisation.

4.7 ADSL - 3/4G Router

4.7.1 The Contractor shall install the router in an appropriate position in the controller racking ensuring that Ethernet connections are available for laptop interrogation.

4.7.2 The Contractor shall be responsible for connecting the router and setting up BT or similar connections and terminations including where necessary UTC IP tunnels. Internal settings such as I.P. addressing, shall be carried out in conjunction with the Overseeing Organisation.

4.7.3 The ADSL router shall have its own fused auxiliary power supply, suitably rated and marked accordingly.

4.8 Signal Poles

4.8.1 Signal Poles shall be installed at the positions shown on the Contract Drawings. Position and pole types shall be verified on Site in conjunction with the Overseeing Organisation.

4.8.2 All traffic signal poles shall be permanently numbered. Pole numbers shall be self-adhesive, incorporating a character height of 50mm and coloured white on black. The numbers shall be sited at a minimum height of 2.1m and located so that they are visible from the controller.

4.8.3 Where signal poles are to be installed in retentions sockets, the Contractor shall be responsible for erecting the poles unless otherwise agreed with the Overseeing Organisation. Suitable method / machine shall be used to erect the poles safely and ensure verticality. Waterproof grommets to be installed at pole and socket interface.

4.9 Cabling
4.9.1 For modification works all LV and ELV voltage cable runs between the controller and signal poles or an adjacent controller or termination cabinet, shall include for a minimum of 4 spare cores or 25% whichever is greater throughout their length. All cables shall normally service directly between the controller and each pole, except where termination cabinets are employed. For new installations the same capacity standards shall apply, but only ELV systems shall be utilised.

4.9.2 Extra low voltage cores shall be terminated on separate terminal blocks to low voltage cores.

4.9.3 For modifications works low voltage cables shall not utilise the same ducts as extra low voltage cable ducts. For new installations, only ELV supplies shall be used.

4.9.4 Signal cables shall not pass through ducts or inspection chambers used for or by any other services. Similarly, no other service shall utilise the traffic signal duct and chamber system. The contractor shall bring to the attention of the Overseeing Organisation any deviation from these standards.

4.9.5 Two turns of all signal cables shall be left in the traffic signal access chamber at the base of each signal pole. Two turns of loop and feeder cable shall be left in each traffic signal access chamber at each joint location.

4.9.6 With the exception of cable joints between loop and feeder cables, no other joints shall be permitted in the cable runs.

4.9.7 All unused cores returned to the controller shall be neatly secured and connected to earth. All unused cores between pole cap terminations shall be connected to earth at one pole top. Sufficient terminals and termination points shall be provided at the controller to accommodate neutral and earth connections.

4.9.8 All cables including detector loop feeders and push button supplies, shall be permanently labelled at the controller as to their function and destination. Cable core terminations at all other locations shall be permanently labelled as to their function, origin and destination.

4.9.9 Cables identification shall be provided at each road crossing or controller drawpit using a pull-tag or equivalent approved system.

4.9.10 The Contractor shall complete and return to the Overseeing Organisation details of their cable layout proposals or confirm any cable design details issued on drawings or works schedules at least four weeks prior to each installation. Final as-built record sheet shall be submitted for approval at the time of site acceptance.

4.10 Signal Heads

4.10.1 All signal heads shall have a minimum vertical clearance of 2.1m from the finished ground level unless overhanging a cycleway in which case a minimum vertical clearance of 2.4m shall be provided. The minimum clearance between any signal head arrangement to the nearest kerb edge shall be 600mm (40mph or greater roads) or 450mm (30mph roads).

4.10.2 The alignment of signal heads shall be carried out in accordance with the Overseeing
Organisation’s siting instructions at the time of commissioning. The Contractor shall ensure that all cable and kopex links between signal heads and poles are of sufficient length to allow correct alignment.

4.10.3 During installation and up until the time of commission, all signal heads, pedestrian heads and demand units not in use shall be securely covered using purpose made orange opaque bags. Covers shall be removed at the time of commissioning in accordance with the Overseeing Organisation’s instructions. Covers may be re-applied should the signals not be accepted or the signal switch-on delayed to an alternative date.

4.11 Tactile Equipment

4.11.1 Tactile unit power supplies shall be mounted in the nearest pedestrian signal head displaying the relevant signal phase.

4.12 Push Button Units

4.12.1 Push button units shall be mounted so that the centre of the push button is between 1.0m and 1.1m above the finished footway level. Except where installed in islands, they shall be angled (normally at 25º) to enable pedestrians standing at the kerbside to see the “WAIT” indicator, the red/green man signal aspects and approaching traffic. In islands, the units should be installed parallel to the kerb, unless otherwise agreed. Reference should be made to the Contract Drawings and the Overseeing Organisation’s siting instructions for individual site requirements. Any potential for ‘see-through’ shall be reported to the Overseeing Organisation at the time of installation.

4.13 Slot Cutting Operations

4.13.1 Installation shall not commence until any carriageway surfacing or road marking refresh / installation is complete and positions have been verified by the Overseeing Organisation. The Contractor shall be responsible for determining number of turns per loop for all detection systems unless otherwise informed by the Overseeing Organisation. The Contractor’s supervisory staff shall check the quality of workmanship before laying cable and backfilling.

4.13.2 In order to minimise damage and contamination to their mains, the water companies require that Contractors use a double non-return valve assembly on their standpipe when it is connected to a hydrant. The Contractor shall arrange for a water supply from a nearby fire hydrant to be made available for slot cutting operations; at least two working days’ notice of intention to use a hydrant must be given to the water supply company in order that the necessary permission may be obtained.

4.13.3 A water bowser will be required where a hydrant is not available or where a carriageway crossing is necessary. Hoses must not be laid across the carriageway unless it is closed to traffic.

4.13.4 Slot cutting shall not be conducted in wet weather, or when the ambient temperature or road surface temperature is below 0ºC.

4.13.5 Loop positions shall avoid areas of poor reinstatement in the road surface. Slots shall be cut at least 1 metre from any such disturbance or from any ferrous objects such as manhole covers.

4.13.6 Slots for loop cables shall have a width of 10.0mm with a tolerance of +2.0mm/-0.0mm. The slot width shall exceed the maximum diameter of the loop cable by at least
2.0mm. The depth of each slot shall be checked by the Contractor with a depth gauge at intervals along the whole length of the slot. The depth of loop slots shall be (65 + 7.0n)mm with a tolerance of +10.0mm/-0.0mm. In concrete surfaces the depth shall be (25 + 7.0n)mm with a tolerance of +5.0mm/-0.0mm where ‘n’ is the number of cables and the first figure is the minimum depth of cover.

4.13.7 Where an angle of 100º or more acute is formed at the junction of two adjacent loop slots, the slot junction shall be truncated with a saw cut at the apex of the junction.

4.13.8 Slots for loop tails shall be 15mm wide, with a tolerance of ± 3mm. The slot width shall exceed the maximum width of the loop tails by at least 2.0mm. The depth of the slot shall be 85mm in bituminous surfaces (45mm in concrete surfaces) with a tolerance of + 10/0mm/-0.0mm.

4.13.9 Slots for loop tails shall be cut along the crown of the road wherever this is possible but should be least 300mm from any longitudinal asphalt joints. This slot should be installed so as to not obliterate any road markings in whole or part.

4.13.10 Loop tails and feeder cable shall be joined in footway boxes and identified at both feeder cores and loop tails.

4.13.11 For vehicle actuation operation each loop shall be separated from adjacent loops by a minimum of 300mm unless agreed otherwise with the Overseeing Organisation. Loops operating the MOVA system shall be offset from lane lines and kerbs by distances specifically provided for each installation. Generally loops shall be set out 0.4m from the kerb and 0.8m from adjacent lane lines. A minimum distance of 3.00m shall be maintained between these loops and any adjacent bus priority, SCOOT or queue loops.

4.13.12 Debris and silt shall be cleared from the base of the slot and the slot blown dry with compressed air prior to cable laying. The Contractor shall ensure that the cable lies evenly in the bottom of the slot, and shall secure the cable in such a position if necessary. Sharp implements shall not be used to seat the cable in the slot.

4.13.13 Loop tails shall be twisted and separately taken back to the joint box so as to enable any single loop to be disconnected from the feeder cable. Joints shall be made using jointing kits complying with latest version BS EN60529 (IP68 CAT1). All cable joints shall be either the open pot connectors or with prior approval crimp and heat-shrink type. The joint shall be made in accordance with the manufacturer’s instruction a copy to be made available to the Overseeing Organisation on request. Each heat-shrink joint shall be crimped and subject to a vigorous ‘pull test’ of approximately 3 kg before the heat-shrink tubing is applied.

4.13.14 The Contractor shall ensure that all slots are clean and dry immediately prior to backfilling and that all silt and debris has been removed from the slot.

4.13.15 Slots shall be backfilled with a low viscosity epoxy resin, approved by the Overseeing, to give a minimum of 10mm cover above the uppermost cable. (Sealocrete LSM 30 or Robnororganic 25-174-1 or equivalent approved product). The resin shall be poured at a viscosity of between 50 and 100 poise. The remaining volume of loop slot shall be backfilled with blown grade hot oxidised R85/40 or R85/25 bitumen to the level of the road surface. Where alternative backfill products can be sourced to comply with risk reduction and COSHH regulations the Contractor shall provide suitable alternatives.

4.13.16 For modification works slots through kerb edges shall be formed at natural kerb joints where possible and be backfilled with a layer of resin, followed by hot pour bitumen in
several layers to fill the slot flush with the adjacent kerb. Any recess in the kerb remaining shall be grouted with cement.

4.13.17 Where partial excavation of the footway is required to access stub duct ends, the exposed loop tails shall be covered with resin and then bitumen in several layers as necessary after sealing the end of the stub duct and prior to reinstatement of the footway with cold setting asphalt and sealing with hot pour bitumen.

4.13.18 At new installations or more major refurbishment works, the loop tails shall be laid into a loop carriageway box type NAL D400 or similar approved by GCC. The carriageway loop box shall be connected to an adjacent loop chamber in the footway/ verge by way of a 100mm dia or 50mm dia smooth bore orange under-kerb duct, as per the manufacturer's instructions. There shall be a maximum number of three loop tail pairs cut into any carriageway loop box with only one pair on each side of the box. After loop installation has been completed, the end of the duct in the loop carriageway box shall have a small amount of expanding foam inserted to prevent detritus from blocking the duct. Where slots in the carriageway loop box are not used then blanking plates shall be placed over the inside faces of the slots in the box as supplied by the manufacturer.

4.13.19 Should loop re-cutting be necessary, the loop carriageway box shall be re-opened, the expanding foam broken out and the operation in 4.13.18 repeated without any disturbance to the carriageway or footway finishes and needing no external assistance.

4.13.20 Loop tail cable slots shall be backfilled with low viscosity epoxy material around the cable. The upper 20mm of the slot shall be filled with hot oxidised bitumen R85/40.

5.0 Commencement of Works and Site Decommissioning

5.1 Commencement of Works

5.1.1 Works shall only commence following approvals granted by the Network and Traffic Management Environment Directorate NRASWA Street Works Coordinator, with all works being subject to appropriate notices and approvals granted under this system.

5.1.2 Works shall only commence following submission and approval by the Overseeing Organisation of the Contractors works programme. The works programme shall be submitted using either MS Project or Excel and shall identify all works activities and key milestones in the procurement, lead-in, site installation and testing/commissioning process.

5.1.3 Works shall only commence following submission and approval of the Contractors developed health and safety plan information which shall include site specific information as requested by the Principal Contractor.

5.1.4 Failure to comply with the above requirements will place the Contractor at risk for future tendered schemes.

5.2 Site Decommissioning

5.2.1 Decommissioning of existing sites prior to removal or refurbishment shall be specified in site specific works instructions and drawings. Signals shall only be switched off with the prior permission of the Overseeing Organisation and with site specific Traffic Management in place as required.

5.2.2 Site specific Traffic Management shall either be provided by the Principal Contractor or the Contractor. Where Traffic Management is to be supplied under this contract the
Contractor shall employ suitable qualified staff or Contractors to undertake these works. Site specific works information shall highlight requirements.

6.0 Commissioning and Site Acceptance

6.1 General

6.1.1 Commissioning of any traffic signal installation shall only be undertaken when all works at the installation, including surfacing, pedestrian guard railing and road marking activities are complete. The traffic signals installation shall be totally complete and pre-tested as far possible by the Contractor prior to attendance by the Overseeing Organisation.

6.1.2 The Contractor shall demonstrate to the Overseeing Organisation satisfactory operation of the installation at site acceptance test in accordance with the test schedule contained in this specification. On completion of the tests the site acceptance certificate shall be completed by the Contractor and the Overseeing Organisation. A certificate shall be awarded provided the site is deemed to be operating satisfactorily. Any incomplete works or failed tests of a minor nature shall be noted on the interim certificate. A completion certificate shall only be awarded to the Contractor after expiration of the maintenance period. The maintenance period shall only commence when ALL works are fully complete and tested. The maintenance period shall typically be 28 days fault free but may be defined as a longer period in any works instruction.

6.1.3 The Overseeing Organisation shall be given a minimum of ten working days advance-notice for the site acceptance testing by the Contractor. The Contractor shall allow one clear working day to undertake testing of the installation ensuring all resources are retained for the duration of the testing procedure.

6.1.3 Green conflict and red lamp monitoring tests shall be performed on crossing installations or on signal installation where a significant upgrade has been carried out on an existing controller retained on site. In such circumstances the Overseeing Organisation may request that tests are carried out at night or early hours of the morning.

6.2 Insulation Resistance Test

6.2.1 The insulation resistance of each cable and their individual cores shall be tested using impedance test voltages of 500 volts’ dc. for a period of one minute. The test shall be carried out as follows with the specific tolerances noted.

6.2.1.1 Before each cable is glanded to its earth point, an insulation resistance test shall be carried out between the earth and armouring, earth and each cable core and each cable core to armouring.

6.2.1.2 All tests results shall record an impedance greater than 20 Megaohms, with the actual reading recorded by the Contractor.

6.3 Loop / Feeder Tests

6.3.1 With the feeder cables jointed to their inductive loops, the total series resistance of each loop/feeder circuit shall be tested. The total series resistance shall be less than 5 ohms, with actual results recorded by the Contractor.

6.3.2 Where armoured feeder cable is installed with the feeder cables jointed to their inductive loops, the armouring of the feeder cable shall be connected to its earth point and the impedance of the feeder cores to earth shall be tested. The impedance of the
feeder cores to earth shall be greater than 20 Megaohms. Non-armoured feeder cable shall normally be installed.

6.4 Earth Fault Loop Impedance Test

6.4.1 Earth continuity and bonding shall be demonstrated through earth fault loop impedance testing of the controller, supply pillar and each low voltage signal pole on site.

7.0 Defects Correction Period Maintenance & Warranty

7.1 Maintenance

7.1.2 The Contractor shall provide maintenance and fault attendance for the installation in addition to the Defects Liability or Warranty period commencing from the acceptance of the traffic signal installation. The Maintenance Period may be 12 months or 28 days as stipulated by the Overseeing Organisation in the works information. When the Maintenance Period is identified as being 28 days, this shall be a 28 day fault free period, this period re-starting after replacement or repair of defective components having been completed and reported in writing to the Network and Traffic Management Environment Directorate as defined in Section’s below. This does not relieve the Contractor of his obligations under the Defects Liability Clause.

7.1.3 Maintenance standards shall accord with the latest issued of TD24/97.

7.1.4 All goods and materials used by the Contractor in carrying out his obligations under the Contract shall be in accordance with the technical specification appropriate to the equipment and in accordance with current approved standards.

7.1.5 The Contractor shall execute the works from a designated maintenance facility adequate for receiving fault reports and shall maintain the equipment supplied under the contract throughout the Defects Liability Period or other agreed duration. The Contractor shall provide all the necessary labour and equipment including spares to provide the maintenance service set out below.

7.1.6 An attended service to receive and record faults notified in respect of the equipment supplied and installed, covering 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (inclusive of Public Holidays). The contractor shall be responsible for locating the cause of all faults (including software and system faults where applicable) and identifying these to the Highways Commissioning.

7.1.7 Notification of arrival on site and departure shall be made verbally by telephone. Written confirmation of clearance shall be made within 24 hours by fax, e-mail or FMS if applicable.

7.1.8 Standards to be the same as those in force under the GCC maintenance contract at the time of commissioning.

Fault Classification

a) Urgent Fault - The following events shall be classified as Urgent Faults during the hours 05:00 to 21:00 each day.

- All Signals Unlit
• Signals failing to change
• Defective signals which although not in accordance with the above but are likely to cause excessive queues or danger and have caused abnormal traffic conditions which warrant urgent attention.
• Equipment damaged and in a dangerous condition.
• Tactile devices not working.
• Red lamp failures

b) Non-Urgent Fault

• All other faults not covered by the above

7.2 Warranty

7.2.1 A twelve-month warranty shall be provided, from the date of site acceptance of the equipment. Under warranty, the Contractor shall replace or repair all parts found to be defective by reason of faulty design, materials or workmanship. The repaired, or replacement parts shall be delivered and installed free of charge to the site location by the Contractor.

7.2.2 During the first twelve months of service excluding the initial 28-day fault free period the controller shall not exceed more than four firmware or hardware related faults resulting in junction control failure. Should the controller fail to perform to this service requirement, the Contractor shall replace it with another new controller of proven reliability meeting the same hardware and software specification of the original. A further twelve-month warranty shall then be given on the replacement controller.

7.2.3 LED aspects shall be supplied with a 5-year warrantee.

8 Documentation and Training

8.1 General

8.1.1 All control equipment supplied together with related hardware shall be offered with one complete set of user manuals detailing procedures for the installation, operation and maintenance of the equipment.

8.1.2 Duplicate bound copies of the configuration specifications shall be handed over at the time of site acceptance together with final ‘installed’ core/phase allocation record sheets. Any RAM data changes introduced at the time of commissioning shall be noted at this time and included in a RAM data record sheet to be appended to the manufacturer’s configuration specification.

8.1.3 A log book shall be supplied and annotated with the controller maintenance reference number. The book shall be pro-formed with date, time on / off site, reason for visit, actions taken and signature columns.

8.1.4 The site acceptance certificate shall be signed and handed over to the Overseeing Organisation complete with one full set of keys to access all parts of the control equipment, at the time of site acceptance.
8.1.5 All relevant test certificates compliant with the site acceptance testing shall be submitted to the Overseeing Organisation within 72 hours of the tests being carried out. An as built CAD drawing shall be supplied based on the Overseeing Organisation’s design drawing detailing relevant site changes. The drawing shall be issued to the Overseeing Organisation in electronic format within 14 days of acceptance.

8.1.6 The Contractor shall retain sufficient records to provide replacement EPROMs at reasonable in the event of EPROMs becoming damaged or requiring modification. An electronic version of the Controller Configuration shall be issued to the Overseeing Organisation within 14 days of acceptance.

8.1.6 Equipment training shall be offered to the Overseeing Organisation if requested during factory/site acceptance testing for any section of equipment relating to the traffic signal control system.

9.0 Post Commissioning Alterations

9.1 Controller Configuration Data Changes

9.1.1 Following acceptance of the signals the Overseeing Organisation may order alterations to the controller EPROM to incorporate minor changes and or post commission RAM data changes. The EPROM shall be supplied with all supporting documentation updated as necessary.

9.1.2 The EPROM revisions shall be allowed for under provisions item rates provided at the time of site specific works tender.

9.1.3 Should the intersection exhibit faulty/ undesirable operation which in the opinion of the Overseeing Organisation cannot be left without immediate attention, the Contractor shall accelerate attendance and support and make all efforts to provide an immediate temporary fix to the problems by utilising download or site EPROM revision facilities.

10.0 Provision of Electrical and Communication Services

10.1 Electrical Supply

10.1.1 The Overseeing Organisation shall arrange for a 230 Volt 50Hz AC power supply, terminated in a feeder pillar or other suitable enclosure and fused at between 60 and 80 Amps.

10.1.2 Should the Contractor be required to supply the feeder pillar this work shall be nominated in site specific works information.

10.2.3 Should the Contractor be required to supply and fit a mains meter, this work shall be nominated in site specific works information.

10.1.3 The fuse rating shall provide suitable discrimination between cut-out and controller.

10.1.3 Feeder Pillars shall be fabricated from 3mm (min.) thick hot galvanised mild steel with either galvanised or black paint finish. The pillar shall have a flush fitting door with tri-head or similar screw locks. The earth terminals on body and door shall connected with 10mm² earth strap, the internal backing board shall be of 9mm thick external-grade plywood suitable for housing a 100amp cut out, meter (as instructed), isolator and main earth block.
10.1.4 The Contractor shall supply and install a suitable fused isolator with appropriate rating and current characteristics, confirming to the latest issue of BS EN60947 Parts 1-7 “Specification for Low-Voltage Switchgear and Control Gear”. The isolator shall be mounted on the feeder pillar’s mounting board and shall incorporate a double pole switch 230 Volt 50 Hz ac. The unit shall be fitted with integral ‘locking off’ facilities within an IP54 (min.) rated housing. The unit shall incorporate fully shrouded or enclosed clamp type cable connectors and shall be capable of accepting 16mm² meter tails.

10.1.5 An installation certificate shall be provided by the Contractor certifying his work to be in accordance with BS7671: Requirements for Electrical Installations; IEE Wiring Regulations latest Edition.

10.1.6 The Contractor shall supply and install a steel wire armoured 6mm² (or other appropriately rated) live, neutral and earth cable between the feeder pillar and the controller cabinet.

10.1.7 The Contractor shall provide and install an additional supplementary 10mm² earth bonding conductor between the feeder pillar and the traffic signal controller.

10.2 British Telecommunications or similar Supply

10.2.1 Telecommunications supplies shall be ordered by the Overseeing Organisation.

10.2.2 The Contractor may be required to make final connections between (LTU) and supplied modems or routers and prove acceptable performance of the communication circuitry.

11.0 Traffic Management Requirements

11.1 Traffic Management associated with junction installation and refurbishment works shall generally be supplied and maintained by the Principal Contractor. Traffic Management may be ordered from the Contractor with site specific works information, these works shall be undertaken using suitably qualified staff or approved specialist contractors.

11.2 Traffic management for slot cutting operations shall normally be provided by the Contractor and shall comply with the recommendations of Chapter 8 of the Traffic Signs Manual as appropriate to the statutory speed limit applicable to the Site. The Contractor shall submit details of his proposals to the Engineer for approval prior to commencing works.

12.0 Site Working Hours

12.1 Operations affecting traffic flow are to be undertaken outside of peak traffic hours (Mon to Fri 07:00 to 09:15 and 15:15 to 18:00). Where slot-cutting is carried out outside normal working hours the work shall include Contractor’s supervising staff time in attendance during such operations.

13.0 Minor Civil Engineering Requirements for Traffic Signals

12.1 Civil engineering works shall normally be supplied by the Principal Contractor. In the event that minor civil engineering works such as duct, drawpit, signal pole and signal controller root installations are required of the Contractor a separate works specification and works information pack shall be issued.

14.0 Standard Drawings
14.1 All works shall conform to the Overseeing Organisations Standard Construction drawings issued and updated under this contract.

15.0 TELEPHONE LINES TO OUTSTATION MONITOR UNITS (OMU’s)

a) Unless otherwise specified all telephone connections to OMU’s will be ADSL enabled.
APPENDIX B

FORMS OF COMPLETION AND INSPECTION
FACTORY ACCEPTANCE TEST CERTIFICATE

I/We being the person(s) responsible (as indicated by my/our signatures below) for the Inspection and Test of the electrical equipment as indicated on page 1 of the Test Schedule CERTIFY that the said equipment is to the best of my/our knowledge in accordance with the Regulations for Electrical Installations published by the Institution of Electrical Engineers 16th edition and the attached Factory Acceptance Test Schedule as demonstrated on this day .........except for departures, if any, stated below.

The following tests have failed to comply with either the TR2500 forms as completed by the Designer or the Specification or Highway Agency Specifications.

List of departures/test failures.

The above tests shall be demonstrated at a subsequent FAT to be arranged within one week.

..............

..............

The above tests shall be demonstrated at SAT in addition to the SAT test schedule.

..............

..............

(Delete as appropriate).

This equipment may be delivered to site for installation and further testing as detailed above and in accordance with the SAT test schedule.

Designers signature .................................................................

Purchasers signature .............................................................

Signal Company Engineers Signature .................................
**APPENDIX B1**

FACTORY/SITE ACCEPTANCE

TEST SCHEDULE

FOR TR2500 CONTROLLER

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CUSTOMER:</th>
<th></th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SITE NAME:</td>
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<tr>
<td>SITE REFERENCE:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CONTROLLER TYPE:</td>
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<tr>
<td>CONFIG REFERENCE:</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>CONFIG ISSUE:</td>
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</table>
## FACTORY ACCEPTANCE TEST RESULTS

<table>
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<tr>
<th>DATE OF TEST:</th>
<th>PASSED / FAILED (delete as appropriate)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**COMMENTS**

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<th>LATEST DATE FOR CORRECTIVE ACTION:</th>
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</thead>
</table>

**SUPPLEMENTARY FAT REQUIRED - YES / NO (delete as appropriate)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TRAFFIC SIGNAL ENGINEER:</th>
<th>Name:</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Signature:</td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SIGNAL COMPANY ENGINEER:</th>
<th>Name:</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>Signature:</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
FACTORY ACCEPTANCE TESTS
(Alternative forms may be substituted for differing controller types).

General:

* Indicates commands that only apply to the ST800.

Check Configuration Identity Code Number & Issue with the Specification (CIC)
Note serial number of controller

Set all detectors to Off, all computer bits to Off, select Normal on the Manual Panel
Switch on mains supply, initialise RAM (PME, TKE, LRN, CNN), check time/date (STM, CKL, TOD, DAY, WEK) and switch signals on

Check controller starts up in correct stage and that the correct indications are given
Check the starting inter-green time (IGS)
Check demands have been inserted for all stages and the controller serves all phases

Use the Configuration printout/handset to check the following basic parameters are as specified:-

Minimum Green times (MIN)
Green Extension times (EXT, IPX*)
Maximum Green times (MAX, MBX, MCX, MDX, MEX*, MFX*, MGX*, MHX*)
Pedestrian Blackout times (PBT)
Pedestrian Window times (PWN)
Pelican Sequence times (PAR*, PIT*, PBT, CMX*, CDY*, CRD* – 141C only)
Puffin Sequence times (PAR*, PIT*, PBT, CMX*, CDY*, CRD* – 141C only)
Pedestrian Sequence times (PAR*, PIT*, PBT, CMX*, CDY*, CRD* – 141C only)
Toucan Sequence times (PAR*, PIT*, PBT, CMX*, CDY*, CRD* – 141C only)
Intergreen times (IGN)
Phase Delay times (DPG, DMV, DFZ)
Timetable Entries and Event Parameters (TSW, TDY*)
BST Changeover Weeks (BSA, BSR, CKA*, CKR*)
Handset Limit Values

Mode Priority:

Check that the mode priority operates as specified (MOD, STS*)

Manual Mode:

Check manual disable via handset, if specified (MND)
Select each configured manual button & check stage/phase relationship is correct
Check filter green arrow appearance under manual mode is as specified
Check permitted stage to stage movements
Check that non-permitted movements give the correct indication
Check that leaving manual mode inserts demands for all phases
Check operation of all other buttons/switches/indicators on the manual panel
FACTORY ACCEPTANCE TESTS – continued

**Detector and Push Button Functions:**

Check DFM times are as specified (DFD, DGP*, DSA*, DSI*, PBG*)
Check Call/Cancel times are as specified (DCL & DCN)
Check for correct active states on each detector input (IPS*)
Check for correct DFM force states on each detector input (DFA)
Check Push Button Demand Extension times are as specified (IPX* - 141C only)
Check Kerbside Demand Extension times are as specified (IPX* – 141C only)
Check Registered Demand Extension times are as specified (PDX* – 141C only)
Check that all inputs perform the correct functions, e.g. latched/unlatched demands, green extensions, light wait indicators, etc (SPH)
Check SD/SA loop spacing is as specified
Check SD/SA Extension times are as specified
Check SD/SA Extra Intergreen times are as specified (SCT)
Check SD/SA operation

**Fixed Time Mode:**

Select fixed time mode and check for correct stage sequence
Check fixed time stage durations, if specified (FIX, FTS*, LFT*)
Check fixed time runs to current phase maximums (if specified)
Check any demand dependant stages/phases
If fixed time runs to current phase maximums, check timetable changes (STM, CKL)
Check that leaving fixed time mode inserts demand for all phases

**Vehicle Actuated Mode:**

Check the VA logic for each stage change is correct (i.e. stages are only demanded/ extended by the appropriate phases)
Check that arterial reversion occurs to the correct stage/phase if no demands/extensions present (if specified)
Check that correct revertive phase demands occur if extension running when maximum green expires (SPH)
Check stage movement constraints (i.e. permitted, prohibited, alternative moves)
Check timetable change points for switched maxes by altering the clock (STM, CKL)
Check operation of signals with permanent demands on all detectors ensuring that all phases are satisfied

**Cableless Linking Facility Mode:**

Check plan timings/influences are as specified (PLT, PLI, IFA, IFB, IFC, IFD, CYC*, PLE*, PLX*, OFF*, IFN*)
Check timetable change points for CLF plans by altering the clock (STM, CKL, CCP)
Check that all plans operate, especially demand dependant stages
Check CLF permitted movements by writing a plan with a non-permitted move in it
**FACTORY ACCEPTANCE TESTS – continued**

**UTC Mode (or add-on MOVA):**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test</th>
<th>Pass/Fail</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reset all detectors to off and select Normal on the Manual Panel</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check mode changes when a force bit is activated, with TC bit if specified (MOD, STS*)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check operation of non-demand dependant force bits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check operation of demand dependant force bits with both street demands and D-bits and check that any stage demand reply bits are returned correctly</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check that the UTC stage change logic is correct</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check for correct operation with multiple force bits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check stage to stage movement restrictions (i.e. permitted, prohibited, alternative moves)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check DX bit runs specified stages/phases to maximum in VA mode</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check that no phase minimums can be violated by forcing stages</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check that stages can be forced past the VA maximum green times</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check operation of any other miscellaneous control bits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check that the correct G-bit replies are returned for each stage</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check that any phase confirm bits are correctly returned</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check reply bits returned for specific controller conditions (lamps off, DFM, manual, etc)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check operation of any other miscellaneous reply bits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Part Time Mode:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test</th>
<th>Pass/Fail</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Check timetable change points by altering the clock (STM, CKL)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check that signals switch off in correct stage, once minimums have expired (MOD, STS*)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Check queue detector operation</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Check minimum on/off operating timers if specified</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Check operation of part-time inhibit switch</td>
<td></td>
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</table>

**Hurry Call Mode:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test</th>
<th>Pass/Fail</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Check Hurry Call Delay times are as specified (DHC)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Check Hurry Call Hold times are as specified (HHC)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Check Hurry Call Prevent times are as specified (PHC)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Check operation of request detectors</td>
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<tr>
<td>Check operation of cancel detectors</td>
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<tr>
<td>Check that correct stage is called in relation to the detector (MOD, STS*)</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
FACTORY ACCEPTANCE TESTS – continued

**Vehicle Priority Mode:**

Check Priority unit basic requirements are as specified (PUT, PUP, PMT, PDE, PRE, PRI, PDR, PUI, PSE, PSA, PVG)
Check Priority Extension times are as specified (PVE)
Check Priority Maximum times are as specified (PVM)
Check Inhibit times are as specified (PVI)
Check Phase Compensation times are as specified (PCn)
For each priority unit check operation of priority demands/extensions, inhibit periods and compensation periods (PVU, PVP, PVS, PIA, PDS, PIU)

**All Red Extensions:**

Check All Red Extension times are as specified (REX)
Check All Red Maximum times are as specified (RMX)
Check that appropriate detectors extend appropriate stage moves
Check all red extensions are operative or auto-extend to max in the appropriate modes

**Pedestrian Linking:**

Check Pedestrian Link timings are as specified (PIR, CDT*)
Check operation of pedestrian link
Check operation of override timer

**Red Lamp Monitoring:**

Check that 1 red lamp out extends appropriate intergreens by the specified duration (SIE, RLT*)
Check that 2 reds out inhibit conflicting pedestrian phases or shutdown part-time stream
Check that failure of all (or 2) monitored reds on a channel of a stand-alone pedestrian stream causes shutdown (141C only)
Check that red lamp failure actions cease when lamps are replaced

**Green Conflict Monitoring:**

Check all green/green conflicts using a test box
Check fault log for correct conflict data (FLF, FLD, FFS*, FDS*, LOG*)

**Special Conditioning:**

Check operation of any special conditioning not covered by any of the preceding tests
**Miscellaneous:**

Perform any other miscellaneous tests that may be required (define below):

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<table>
<thead>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>[ ] Pass/Fail</td>
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<tr>
<td>2</td>
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<td>12</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
# Site Acceptance Test Results

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date of Test</th>
<th>Passed / Failed (delete as appropriate)</th>
</tr>
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## Comments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Latest Date for Corrective Action</th>
<th></th>
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## Supplementary SAT Required - Yes / No (delete as appropriate)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Traffic Signal Engineer</th>
<th>Name:</th>
<th>Signature:</th>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Signal Company Engineer</th>
<th>Name:</th>
<th>Signature:</th>
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### Site Acceptance Tests

#### General:
- Perform visual inspection for neat wiring, base seal, ancillary equipment fitted, etc  
  - Pass/Fail
- Check for correct dimming voltage connection
- Check operation of solar cell by covering
- Check that time and date are correct (STM, CKL, TOD, DAY, WEK)
- Check that BST Changeover Weeks are correct (BSA, BSR, CKA*, CKR*)
- Check that controller has a log book

#### Detector and Push Button Functions:
- Check all loop detector packs for the correct settings
- Check that all loops are connected to the correct controller input (IOP, DET*)
- Check that all above ground detectors are connected to the correct controller input
- Check that all push button units are connected to the correct controller input
- Check that all wait indicators are functioning correctly along with any tactiles/audibles
- Check for correct operation of push buttons with kerbside detection
- Check SD/SA for correct operation with Sound-mark Test set
- Check for correct operation of any Hurry Call inputs

#### UTC Mode (or add-on MOVA):
- Check that all control bits are connected to the correct controller input (IOP)
- Check that all reply bits are connected to the correct controller output (IOP)

#### MOVA:
- Validate MOVA data set(s)

#### NB: refer to MCH 1542 for the full MOVA commissioning procedure

#### Remote Monitoring:
- Check that OMU can be dialled from instation
- Check that correct controller status/fault information is returned to the instation

#### Red Lamp Monitoring:
- Check that 1 red lamp out extends appropriate intergreens by the specified duration
- Check that 2 reds out inhibit conflicting pedestrian phases or shutdown part-time stream
- Check that failure of all (or 2) monitored reds on a channel of a stand-alone pedestrian stream causes shutdown (141C only)
- Check that red lamp failure actions cease when lamps are replaced
SITE ACCEPTANCE TESTS - continued

General Lamp Monitoring:
Check that general lamp failures are detected and reported correctly

Pass/Fail

Linking:
Check that any linking signals operate correctly

Miscellaneous:

Perform any other miscellaneous tests that may be required (define below):

1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
6.
7.
8.
9.
10.
11.
12.

APPENDIX B3

ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION CERTIFICATES

a) The Contractor shall supply and complete to the satisfaction of the Overseeing Organization electrical test certificates in accordance with the latest edition of the Electricity at work Act and the IEE Wiring Regulations.

APPENDIX C

CABLE IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM

a) All cables in all drawpits shall be marked with a tag sleeve or pull tight marker system indicating the asset connected i.e.: Pole / Loop reference. Markers may be colour coded to represent the voltage carried or have the voltage carried marked. If pull tight tags are used indelible ink shall be used to reference the tag.

b) All cable cores at each end of cable terminations shall be referenced and recorded.
APPENDIX D
APPLICATION FOR CONSENT FOR ACTIVITIES
ON THE HIGHWAY ASSOCIATED WITH CIVIL ENGINEERING WORKS

The Contractor shall apply in writing to the Director of Environment or his Agent, in advance of the minimum notice period stated, for consent to the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum Notice Period</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For any restriction of width or significant alteration to the existing carriageway or footway</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temporary diversions of traffic onto existing highways outside the site boundary [Not involving statutory process]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For any permanent closure as required by the Contract</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For shuttle working</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
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<tr>
<td>Temporary closure to traffic or any other restriction requiring statutory process</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For temporary traffic signal installations controlling shuttle working with no turning movements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For temporary traffic signal installations with turning movements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alteration to or removal of existing permanent traffic signal installations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Introduction of permanent traffic signal installations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For disconnection or connection of electrical supplies to lighting, signs, bollards and the like where this work is not included in the Contract</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For interference with access to private properties</td>
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Applications shall state the proposed start date and anticipated duration and where applicable be accompanied by plans, profiles and details of construction.

Work that affects any public highway shall not commence until consent has been given by the Director of Environment and until the relevant temporary diversions and/or traffic safety measures are fully operational.

Notwithstanding any consent given by the Director of Environment, work which affects access to private properties (11 above) shall not be commenced until the Contractor has given 2 working days notice in writing to the occupier(s) of the property.

Application forms obtainable from the Director of Environment, shall be used for applications 5, 6 and 7 above.
APPENDIX E

STANDARD DRAWINGS

a) GCC Standard details accompanying this pack are:

SD001 – Pole Installation Detail
SD002 - Controller base NAL
SD003 – Controller Base Standard
SD004 – Inductance Loop Reinstatement Details
SD005 – Inductance Loop to Footway Box Connection Detail
SD006 – Controller Layout Plan
SD007 – Composite Drawpit Detail

b) The Developer may use additional scheme standard details subject to technical approval.
NOTES:-
1. CONCRETE BACKING TO BE GRADE C30P CONCRETE TO CL. 2602 UPTO OPENING.
2. BACKFILL WITH COMPACTED SAND AND GRAVEL TO UNDERSIDE OF PAVEMENT LEVEL.
4. CARE MUST BE TAKEN TO ENSURE THAT CABLE OPENING IS CORRECTLY ALIGNED WITH THE POLE BOX AND CLAMPS ARE INSERTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURERS INSTRUCTIONS.
5. EXACT DISTANCE FROM POLE CENTRE TO KERB EDGE (AND TACTILE PAVING EDGE, WHERE APPROPRIATE) TO BE DETERMINED ON SITE TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION MINIMUM CLEARANCE TO ANY STREET FURNITURE OF 450mm or 600mm ON HIGH SPEED ROADS.
6. THE MINIMUM CLEARANCE TO THE UNDERSIDE OF THE LOWEST ELEMENT OF THE SIGNAL HEAD SHALL BE 2.1m OVER FOOTWAYS AND 2.4m OVER CYCLEWAYS.
7. SIGNAL POLES SHALL BE ERECTED VERTICALLY. CRANKED POLES SHALL BE SUPPORTED DURING CURING PERIODS.
8. POLES SHALL BE GALVANISED AND PLASTIC COATED.
9. 2m STUB POLES SHALL HAVE WELDED TOPS.
10. SLOTLESS POLES TO BE SPECIFIED FOR USE WITH RETENTION SOCKET.
11. A POLE BOX SYSTEM MAY BE USED ONLY WITH PRIOR APPROVAL. RS RETENTION SOCKETS ARE THE PREFERRED AND APPROVED SYSTEM.
12. USE OF FAR SIDED PEDESTRIAN / CYCLE DISPLAYS MAY BE USED ONLY WITH PRIOR APPROVAL. NEARSIDE DISPLAYS ARE THE APPROVED SYSTEM.
13. 114-145mm LOW-LEVEL ACCESS POLE MAY BE USED WITH PRIOR APPROVAL (see scheme details). TO BE USED WITH PASSIVELY SAFE DISCONNECTION SYSTEMS (electrical and mechanical) TO BS:EN:12767.

114-145mm LOW-LEVEL ACCESS POLE

NAL - RS115 DF Retention Socket with duckfoot bend or Similar Approved

114-145mm LOW-LEVEL ACCESS POLE WITH POLE BOX TYPE PB1

NAL - RS115 DF Retention Socket with duckfoot bend or Similar Approved

GALVANISED FRAME
NON-SLIP COMPOSITE LID
STANDARD BOX
OPTIONAL EXTENSION BOX

CABLE ENTRY
CONCRETE (C15 OR C20P)
PRE-CAST CONCRETE EDGING (150mm x 50mm)
GRAVEL SOAKAWAY

GROUND LEVEL

100mm

CABLE ENTRY
CONCRETE (C15 OR C20P)
PRE-CAST CONCRETE EDGING (150mm x 50mm)
GRAVEL SOAKAWAY

GROUND LEVEL

100mm

CENTRE OF AMBER SIGNAL

2400mm MIN
4000mm MAX

2x200mm MIN

GROUND LEVEL

100mm

CENTRE LINE OF AMBER SIGNAL

115mm
1. Controller Cabinet Base must enable the installation of any Traffic Signal Controller Cabinet without the requirement for base seal.

2. Controller Cabinet bases must have a minimum of 56nr sealing grommets with the ability to seal cables with an outside diameter of 5mm to 26mm diameter.

3. Controller Cabinet Plinth should be manufactured from 2mm utility grade 1.4003 Stainless steel polyester powder coated to match controller cabinets.

4. Plinth to be manufactured with a minimum 12 louvre air vents with perforated steel mesh fixed internally. All components must be linked with 6mm earth cables.

5. Both Plinth and Cable Gland Tray to be manufactured with pre-drilled fixing points for cabinet, castellation bars and earth points to suit all UK Traffic signal controller cabinets, with BT access enclosure.

6. Access Chamber beneath Plinth must be of twin wall construction which has been vertically load tested to EN124 D400 (40 tonnes)

7. Access chambers must have a min of 24nr 100mm duct entry points. These must be supplied with removable caps.

8. Access chambers must not be jointed in the corner or require mechanical fixing to achieve strength.

9. Access chambers must have the ability to be reduced to 200mm or extended in depth on site easily to overcome shallow structures and/or existing services.

10. Access chamber external walls shall be free from moulding voids that will negatively impact the effectiveness of compaction which should be in accordance with the New Roads and Street Works Act (1991).

11. Access chambers must have a min of 24nr 100mm duct entry points. These must be supplied with removable caps.

12. Access chambers must not be jointed in the corner or require mechanical fixing to achieve strength.

13. Access chambers must have the ability to be reduced to 200mm or extended in depth on site easily to overcome shallow structures and/or existing services.

14. Access chamber sections must be capable of being cut laterally to allow for transitional gradient installations.

15. Controller Cabinet Bases are to be supplied to the above specification by NAL Ltd or any equally approved manufacturer.

16. See DRAWING /002 FOR GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.
NOTES:-

1. FOOTING TO BE PRE-CAST CONCRETE SLAB TYPE 900x600mm LAID ON MORTAR BED OR 100mm CAST CONCRETE SLAB.

2. CONCRETE BACKING TO BE GRADE C25P CONCRETE TO CLAUSE 2602.

3. THE CONTROLLER CASE ROOT IS TO BE BACKFILLED WITH COMPACTED DRY FINE SAND AND TOPPED WITH SAND AFTER CABLES HAVE BEEN TERMINATED.

4. FORMED OPENING FOR CABLE ENTRY TO BE CAST INSITU TO MINIMUM DIMENSIONS 350X250mm. FORMED OPENINGS OR DUCT NESTS TO BE ADEQUATE FOR CABLE QUANTITY.

5. THE CONTROLLER SHALL HAVE A MAINTENANCE HARDSTANDING FOR VEHICLES AND OPERATIVES AS SPECIFIED ON SCHEME DRAWINGS.

6. ALL CABLES INCLUDING POWER, SIGNAL AND BT SHALL BE COMPLETED PRIOR TO BASE SEAL.

7. SWA 2 CORE AND EARTH SUPPLY CABLES SHALL BE DUCTED INTO THE CONTROLLER AND TERMINATED IN THE MINI FEEDER PILLAR REMOTE FROM THE CONTROLLER CASE.

8. ORIENTATION OF CABINET TO ALLOW DETECTION & JUNCTION TO BE VIEWED. CONTRACTOR TO ENSURE DOORS OPEN TO CLEAR SPACE WITHOUT COMPROMISING FOOTWAYS & OTHER STREET FURNITURE.

INSTALLATION OF TRAFFIC SIGNAL CONTROLLER
TYPICAL DETAIL STANDARD BASE
NOTES:-
1.  n = number of cables in the slot.
2.  * unless otherwise specified = 80mm for motorway applications and 65mm for all purpose roads.
3.  Hot poured compound shall be oxidised grade bitumen to B.S.3690 Part 2 Table 3 Grade 85/25 or 85/40.
1. Carriageway loop box must be constructed in ductile iron to BS2789.
2. Loop Chambers must be suitable for carriageway installations with an EN124 D400 40 tonne load certified single cover.
3. Loop Chambers must be supplied with a minimum of 4 entry points for loop cables.
4. All entry points must be sealed if not in use.
5. All loop chambers must be supplied with positive base entry connections for 110mm and 63mm ducting.
6. Loop Chambers must be octagonal in shape to enable core drilling installation.
7. Loop Chambers must be provided with a base sealing plug which allows the loop cables to pass through it c/w 2 x rubber 6mm bungs.

**DETAIL 1 - Installation of Carriageway Loop Box Offset from Kerb**

- PCC Kerb
- 450 x 300 Stakkabox access chamber with extra deep cover and frame
- 50mm/100mm Duct with draw cord inserted
- 50mm/100mm Duct with draw cord inserted

**DETAIL 2 - Installation of Carriageway Loop Box Beside the Kerb**

- PCC Kerb
- 450 x 300 Stakkabox access chamber with extra deep cover and frame
- 50mm/100mm Duct with draw cord inserted
- 50mm/100mm Duct with draw cord inserted

**DETAIL 3 - Slot Cut Direct Through Kerb Joint Into Footway Box**

**CARRIAGEWAY LOOP CHAMBER**

1. Carriageway loop box must be constructed in ductile iron to BS2789.
2. Loop Chambers must be suitable for carriageway installations with an EN124 D400 40 tonne load certified angle cover.
3. Loop Chambers must be supplied with a minimum of 4 entry points for loop cables.
4. All entry points must be sealed if not in use.
5. All loop chambers must be supplied with positive base entry connections for 110mm and 63mm ducting.
6. Loop Chambers must be octagonal in shape to enable core drilling installation.
7. Loop Chambers must be provided with a base sealing plug which allows the loop cables to pass through it c/w 2 x rubber 6mm bungs.

**DETAIL 4 - Slot Cut Direct Through Kerb Joint via 50mm Duct into Footway Box**

**GENERAL NOTES**

1. The installation method shown in Detail 1 or 2 shall be used for all new or major refurbishment works.
2. The installation method shown in Detail 3 or 4 may be used for re-cutting or minor works with the prior approval of GCC.
3. Loop Chambers must be supplied with a minimum of 4 entry points for loop cables.
4. Where slot cutting into footway surface is greater than 150mm a 50mm duct connection shall be installed between any existing / new footway box.
5. Use of Detail 1 or 2 shall be site specific depending on carriageway channel and surface details and shall be specified in scheme drawings or specifications.
Power Utility Company to provide supply to external cabinet (supplied and installed by Civil Contractor). Signal company to extend power supply to signal controller.

Power cable to be supplied through separate ducting system using 50 Ø black coloured ducting.

100 Ø grey coloured ducting from BT chamber/pole, as shown on scheme layout drawing.

NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimetres unless otherwise stated.
2. All ducting between chambers and signal poles to be 100mm dia, orange in colour and clearly marked 'Traffic Signals'. The duct is to be laid with the wording face upwards.
3. All 100mm dia. ducting to be smooth walled inside, with a minimum wall thickness of 5mm.
4. Dia. of ducting between external cabinet and controller is dependant on type of supply (power or communication).
5. Access chambers and number of ducts will vary depending upon site conditions. Min. chamber size 450mm x 450mm typically 600mm x 600mm.
6. Dia. of ducting for extra cabinet and chamber will depend upon size and complexity of site.
7. External cabinet to be Haldo 210/410 pillar or equivalent.
8. Refer to Drawing No SD007 for Access Chamber Details.
9. Where an earth rod is required, an earth rod enclosure should be incorporated into the concrete plinth.
10. In unmade ground an ST4 concrete surround is to be formed using shuttering to produce a squared off finish level with the surrounding ground. Surface to be brush textured, with a trowelled bullnose outer edge. In made ground, reinstatement to match surrounding area.
11. Refer to drawing No.'s GCC SD 002 & SD 003 for details of cabinet installations.
12. Adequate clearance shall be provided between the cabinet and any adjacent structures. Cabinets shall be set back from Road Restraint systems by the specified safe working distance of the barrier.

Additional access chamber (If required)
NOTES:

1. Twin wall composite 12mm integrated LDPE base with pre-drilled 50mm diameter soak away hole in the centre of the chamber. The pre-formed chamber units shall have pre-trepanned knockout areas to accept 50mm / 100mm internal diameter ducting.

2. Access chamber cover lids shall be non-slip composite construction with a slip resistant value of SR80.

3. For 'Heavy Duty' applications (this detail not to be used for carriageway applications) these shall comply with BS EN 124, Class D 400 and shall be non-rocking type.

4. For 'Motorised Slow Moving Vehicle Overrunning' applications (normally in footway where overrunning by general traffic or maintenance vehicles may take place) these shall comply with BS EN 124, Class C 250.

5. For pedestrian areas (where overrunning by vehicle would not normally occur) these shall comply with BS EN 124 Class B 125.

6. Where cast covers are approved to be installed, 'slid-off' systems shall be used to comply with manual handling requirements. Refer to scheme drawings for application. Access chamber cover lid to be permanently inscribed with 'Traffic Signals'. Frames are to be secured to the chamber by means of bolts.

7. The chamber should be bedded on a base of 100-150mm ST4 concrete. Reinstatement to utilise ST4 concrete surround, formed using shuttering to produce a squared off finish, level with surrounding ground. Surface to be brush textured, with a trowelled bullnose outer edge or matching hard surface material.

8. Drawpit Type DP1 shall typically be 600mm x 600mm opening (alternative 600mm x 450mm) and DP2 footway boxes 450mm x 450mm as specified on scheme drawings. All dimensions in millimetres (mm) unless otherwise stated. Larger drawpits may be used adjacent to controller / MEC positions in consultation with GCC. In this case the reference use on the design drawings shall be CIC (controller inspection chamber).

9. Drawpits may be constructed of brick or cast in-situ concrete with prior approval form GCC or where non-standard situations dictate alternative construction methods.

10. Scheme drawings shall indicate a unique identifying reference to each drawpit using the following nomenclature: DP1.1, DP1.2 etc, DP2.1, DP2.2 etc, CIC1 etc.