

LOCAL
GOVERNMENT
PENSION
SCHEME
REGULATIONS
1 April 2008

Employees Scheme Guide - 13

TERMS
WE USE
IN THE
LEAFLETS



Pensions Section,
Gloucestershire County Council,
Shire Hall, Gloucester GL1 2TG
Telephone: (01452) 426677
Fax: (01452) 425862
Email: pensions@gloucestershire.gov.uk
website: www.gloucestershire.gov.uk/pensions



Some terms we use:

Where pension terms are used, they appear in ***bold italic*** type.

Local Government

The term local government in this leaflet also covers police and fire civilian staff, the Mayor of London and members of the London Assembly, the Chairman of the London Transport Authority, the Chair of the Olympic Park Legacy Company, employees of a National Probation Service local board or Probation Trust, a registration officer, a coroner, a rent officer, employees of a valuation tribunal, employees of a passenger transport authority, employees of the Environment Agency, employees of the Greater London Authority, non-teaching employees of an Academy employer, an Education Action Forum or a Further or Higher Education Corporation.

Admission Body

An admission body is an employer that chooses to participate in the scheme under an admission agreement. These tend to be employers such as charities and contractors.

Designating Body

Designating bodies are bodies which can designate employees for access to the scheme. Employees of town and parish councils, voluntary schools, foundation schools, foundation special schools, federated schools, Transport for London, and the Children and Family Court Advisory and Support Service, among others, can be designated for membership of the scheme.

Discretion

This is the power given by the LGPS to enable your employer or your administering authority to choose how they will apply the scheme in respect of certain provisions. Under the LGPS your employer or your administering authority are obliged to consider how to exercise their discretion and, in respect of some (but not all) of these discretionary provisions, to have a written policy on how they will apply their discretion. They have a responsibility to act with 'prudence and propriety' in formulating their policies and must keep them under review. You may ask your employer or your administering authority what their policy is in relation to a discretion. Your administering authority is Gloucestershire County Council.

Eligible children

Eligible children are your children. They must, at the date of your death:

- be under 18 and be wholly or mainly dependent on you, or
- be aged 18 or over and under 23, be dependent on you, and be in full-time education or undertaking vocational training (although a dependant child who commences full-time education or vocational training after the date of your death may be treated as an eligible child up to age 23), or
- in some cases, a dependant child of any age who is disabled may be classed as an eligible child.

In all cases, the children must have been born before or within a year of your death.

Civil Partnership

A Civil Partnership is a relationship between two people of the same sex (civil partners) which is formed when they register as civil partners of each other.

Nominated co-habiting partner

A co-habiting partner is someone you are living with as if you are married or in a civil partnership. To be able to nominate a co-habiting partner, of either opposite or same sex, to receive a survivor's pension on your death, your relationship has to meet certain conditions laid down by the LGPS. Information on these conditions, and how to make a nomination, are set out in the leaflet on **Life Cover – Protection For Your Family**.

Pay

The pay on which you normally pay pension contributions (gross pay before deductions) is your normal salary or wages plus any shift allowance, bonuses, contractual overtime, Maternity Pay, Paternity Pay, Adoption Pay and any other taxable benefit specified in your contract as being pensionable.

You do not pay contributions on any non-contractual overtime, travelling or subsistence allowances, pay in lieu of notice, pay in lieu of loss of holidays, any payment as an inducement not to leave before the payment is made, any award of compensation (other than payment representing arrears of pay) made for the purpose of achieving equal pay nor (apart from some historical cases) the monetary value of a car or pay received in lieu of a car.

Additional Voluntary Contributions (AVCs)

These are extra payments to increase your future benefits. You can also pay AVCs to provide additional life cover.

All local government pension funds have an AVC arrangement in which you can invest money through an AVC provider, often an insurance company or building society. AVCs are deducted directly from your pay and attract tax relief.

Civil Partnership

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Transfer value

A transfer value is a cash sum representing the value of your pension rights.

Contracted out

The LGPS was contracted out of the **State Earning Related Pension Scheme (SERPS)** and is contracted out of the **State Second Pension (S2P)**. This means that, prior to **State pension age**, you pay reduced National Insurance contributions between the **Lower Earnings Limit** and the **Upper Accruals Point** (unless you have opted to pay the married woman's/widow's reduced rate of National Insurance). The LGPS guarantees to pay you a Guaranteed Minimum Pension (**GMP**) for being contracted out of the **State Earning Related Pension Scheme (SERPS)** and, for membership after 5 April 1997, the LGPS must meet a minimum Reference Scheme test prescribed under the Pensions Act 1995.

Guaranteed Minimum Pension (GMP)

The LGPS guarantees to pay you a pension that is at least as high as you would have earned had you not been **contracted out** of the **State Earning Related Pension Scheme (SERPS)** at any time between 6 April 1978 and 5 April 1997. This is called the Guaranteed Minimum Pension (GMP).

Lower Earnings Limit

This is the amount of pay that you can receive before you pay any National Insurance contributions. The Lower Earnings Limit for 2012/2013 is £107 per week. It is usually increased annually by Parliament.

SERPS (State Earnings Related Pension Scheme)

This is the extra earnings related part of the state pension that employed people could earn up to 5 April 2002. LGPS members were automatically **contracted out** of SERPS, and most paid lower national insurance contributions as a result. SERPS was replaced by the **State Second Pension (S2P)** from 6 April 2002.

State pension age

This is the earliest age you can receive the state basic pension. State pension age is currently age 65 for men. State pension age for women is currently being increased to be equalised with that for men. The Government has announced that it will speed up the pace of State pension age equalisation for women, so that women's State pension age will reach 65 by November 2018.

State pension age equalisation timetable for women

Date of Birth	New State Pension Age
Before 6 April 1950	60
6 April 1950 - 5 April 1951	In the range 60 - 61
6 April 1951 - 5 April 1952	In the range 61 - 62
6 April 1952 - 5 April 1953	In the range 62 - 63
6 April 1953 - 5 August 1953	In the range 63 - 64
6 August 1953 - 5 December 1953	In the range 64 - 65

The State pension age will then increase to 66 for both men and women from December 2018 to October 2020.

Increase in State pension age from 65 to 66 for men and women

Date of Birth	New State Pension Age
6 December 1953 - 5 October 1954	In the range 65 - 66
After 5 October 1954	66

Under current legislation the State pension age is due to rise to 67 between 2034 and 2036 and to 68 between 2044 and 2046. However the government has announced plans to revise the legislation so that the date when the State Pension Age rises to 67 is between 2026 and 2028 and that rises above age 67 will be linked to increases in life expectancy.

State Second Pension (S2P)

The State Second Pension (formerly **SERPS**) is the additional state pension, payable from **State pension age** by the Department for Work and Pensions. Initially, S2P was an earnings-related pension but from April 2009 it began building up as a flat rate pension, achieving full flat rate accrual by around 2030.

LGPS members are **contracted out** of S2P and most pay lower national insurance contributions as a result. More information on the State Second Pension (S2P) is available from the DWP Pensions Service.

Upper Accruals Point

This is the amount of pay beyond which you cease to pay the, lower, contracted-out rate of National Insurance contributions. The Upper Accruals Point for 2012/2013 is £770 per week. On earnings above the Upper Accruals Point and up to the Upper Earnings Limit of £817 per week you pay the full 12% National Insurance contribution and on earnings above the Upper Earnings Limit you pay a 2% National Insurance contribution.

More information

For more information on the LGPS or if you have a problem or question about your LGPS membership or benefits, please contact:

**The Pensions Section,
Gloucestershire County Council,
Shire Hall
Westgate Street,
Gloucester, GL1 2TG.**

Pension helpline phone number: 01452 426677
e-mail: pensions@gloucestershire.gov.uk
website: www.gloucestershire.gov.uk/pensions

The national web site for members of the LGPS can be found at www.lgps.org.uk

You can find out about what you can do if you are not happy about a decision made about your LGPS pension position from the leaflet **Help with Pension Problems**.

Disclaimer

The information in this leaflet applies to individuals who were contributing members of the Local Government Pension Scheme on 1 April 2008 or who have since joined. The leaflet is for employees in England or Wales and reflects the provisions of the LGPS and overriding legislation at the time of publication in October 2012. The Government may make changes to overriding legislation and, after consultation with interested parties, may make changes in the future to the LGPS. **Changes to the LGPS are planned for 2014**, for details see the national LGPS web site at www.lgps.org.uk

This leaflet is for general use and cannot cover every personal circumstance nor does it cover specific protected rights that apply to a very limited number of employees. In the event of any dispute over your pension benefits, the appropriate legislation will prevail as this leaflet does not confer any contractual or statutory rights and is provided for information purposes only.

Employees in England and Wales – October 2012