

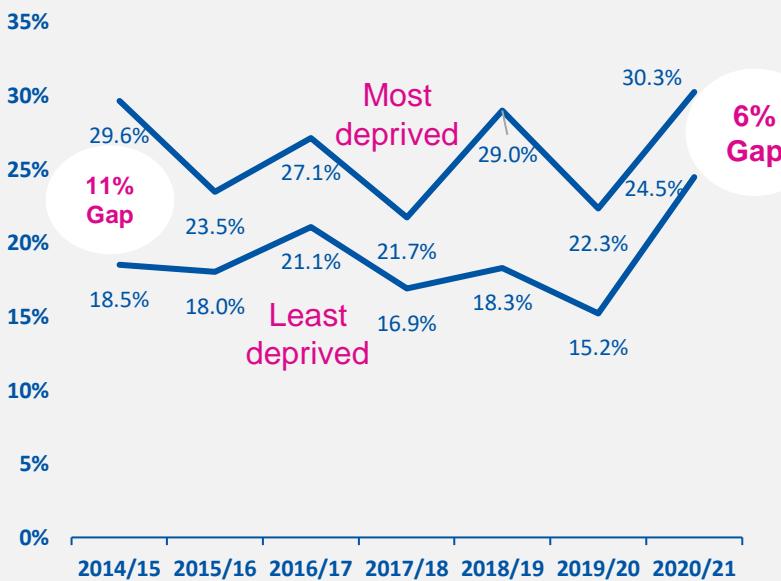
# JSNA Gloucestershire 2022/23

Health ◊ Care ◊ Wellbeing

## Health Inequalities

Health inequalities are unfair differences in health and wellbeing between different groups of people which are systematic and avoidable.

### % of overweight or very overweight children in Reception<sup>1</sup>



More information around inequality and obesity can be found here: [Children's Health Report](#)



Children living in areas of **deprivation** are more likely to be living with **obesity**. The **gap** in prevalence of children living with being **overweight or very overweight** living in the least and most deprived areas is **decreasing**.

In 2019 in Gloucestershire, at the end of Reception...

**52.7%**

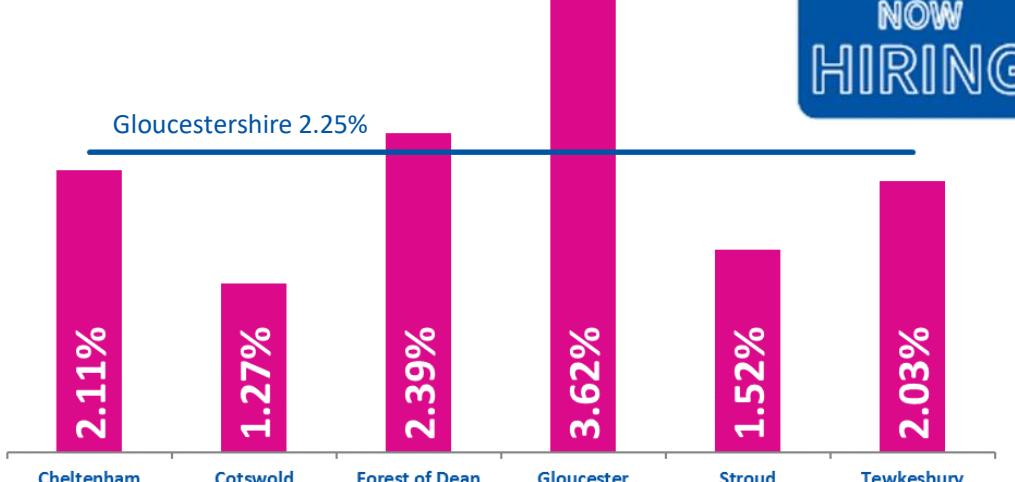
of pupils who achieved a  
**good level of development**  
lived in the **most deprived**  
10% nationally<sup>2</sup>

**27.1% GAP**

**79.8%**

of pupils who achieved a  
**good level of development**  
lived in the **least deprived**  
10% nationally<sup>2</sup>

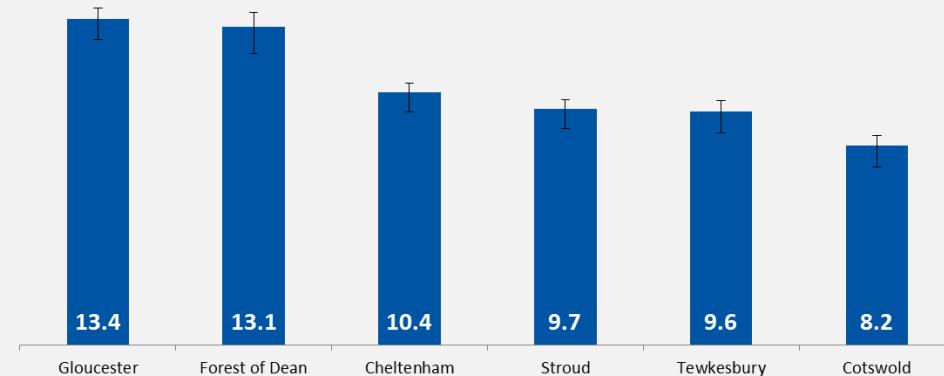
The **gap** in achieving a good level of development between the **most and least deprived** areas of Gloucestershire is **27.1%**



Percentage (%) of cohort **Not in Education, Employment or Training (NEET)** by district in December 2021<sup>3</sup>



The percentage of children under 16 years old living in **absolute low income families** in Gloucestershire<sup>4</sup>



The percentage (%) of children under 16 years old living in **absolute low income families** by district<sup>4</sup>

The number of years an individual in Gloucestershire could expect to **live in good health** (healthy life expectancy) in 2017- 2019 was<sup>5</sup>:

68 years  
(male)



66 years  
(female)



The difference of those living in the 10% **most deprived** and 10% **least deprived**<sup>6</sup> parts of Gloucestershire in 2009 – 2013 was:

11.2 years  
(male)

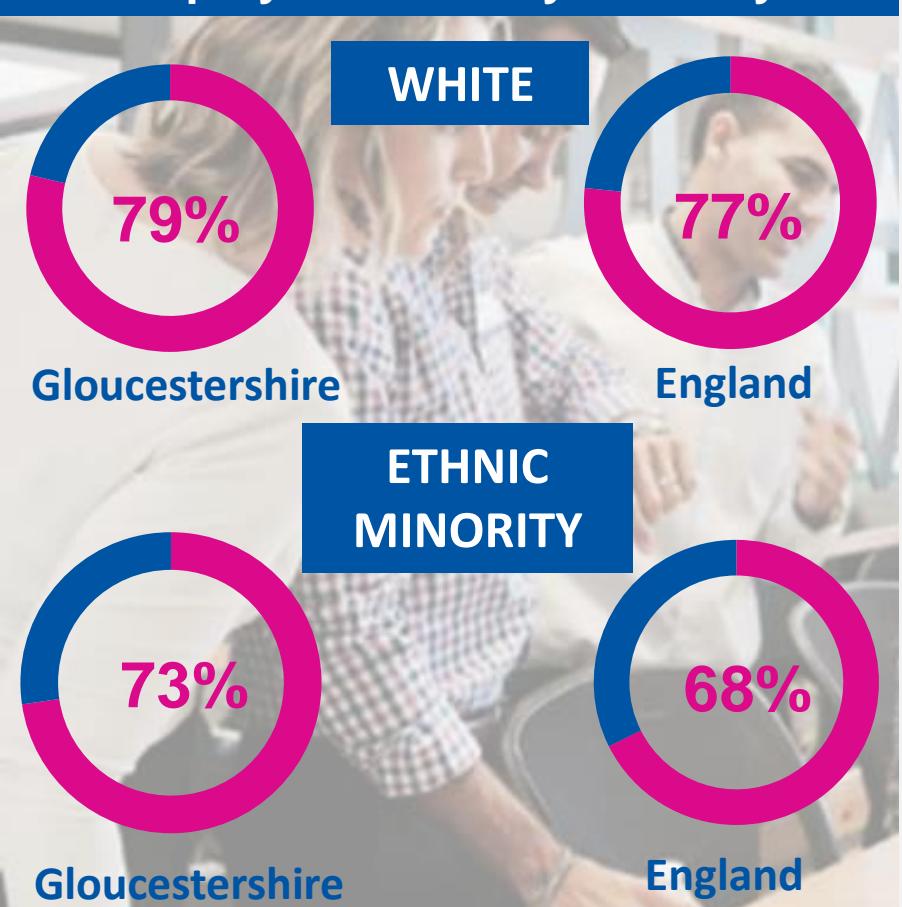


11 years  
(female)



In 2018-20, the excess risk percentage of **under 75 mortality in adults with severe mental illness (SMI)** in Gloucestershire was **580.2%**. This is significantly worse than the England rate of 389.9%.<sup>7</sup>

# The employment rate by ethnicity<sup>8</sup>:

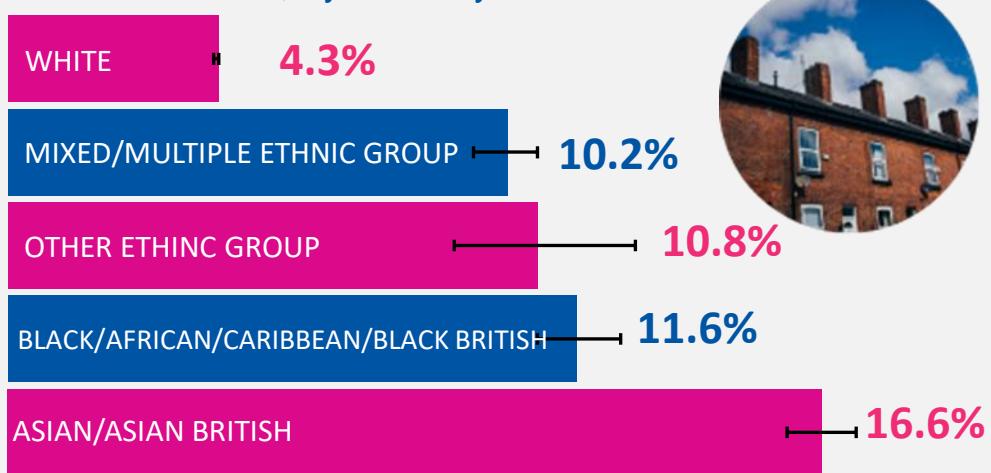


Maps illustrating **deprivation** within Gloucestershire can be found on the [Inform Gloucestershire](#) website

In 2020/21, the **average attainment 8 score** in Gloucestershire was **53.7** compared with **50.9** in England for 15 - 16 year olds<sup>9</sup>



Percentage of those living in **overcrowded homes** in Gloucestershire, by Ethnicity<sup>10</sup>:



Percentage of those living in **overcrowded homes** in Gloucestershire, by district<sup>11</sup>:



**4.7%** of people live in **overcrowded homes** in Gloucestershire

## What are we doing locally?

There are many things going on in the county to work on health inequalities already, but we are doing some additional work to make sure that as many people as possible working in the public sector have the skills, chance, and awareness to consider their areas of work through a 'health inequalities lens'.

To aid this, there is some work currently underway to raise awareness of health inequalities, what they are and why they are important. We will also develop some resources to help staff assess their work areas from a health inequalities perspective and help them take action. As a system, we are also reviewing how we engage with communities to make sure we understand what is important to them. This is the beginning of a number of things we will be implementing to strengthen our system when considering health inequalities.

## Areas of best practice

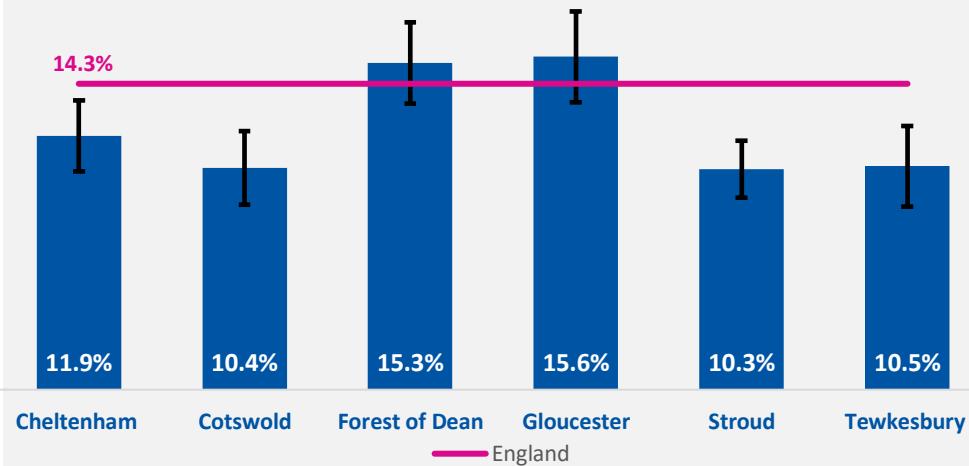
In Gloucestershire, we have agreed to take a 'Community Centred Whole Systems Approach' to delivering public sector duties and ambitions to improve health equality in our county. An essential part of building an effective whole systems approach to health inequalities is to develop a shared understanding of how they are currently being addressed and to identify assets and opportunities to strengthen the system. There are a variety of activities underway to make progress on this.

 I can cook, but I've no time, and it's too expensive to buy ingredients round here. 

- *Podsmead resident for Podsmead Food & Families Report*

In 2020/21, **the gap in the employment rate between those who are in receipt of long term support for a learning disability (aged 18 to 64) and the overall employment rate in Gloucestershire was 74.3 percentage points.** This is significantly worse than the England rate of 70.0 percentage points for the same time period.<sup>12</sup>

In 2019/20, **Smoking prevalence in adults (18+)** in Gloucestershire was **12.3%**, significantly better than England<sup>13</sup>:



## Key evidence

- [Build Back Fairer: The COVID-19 Marmot Review](#)
- [Health Equity in England: The Marmot Review 10 Years On](#)
- [What are the elements of a whole system approach to community-centred public health? A qualitative study with public health leaders in England's local authority areas.](#)

DATA SOURCES: 1. NCMP, GCC. 2. EYFSP 2019, Education Data Hub (Caveat: This is only based on children attending schools in Gloucestershire. If they live in Gloucestershire but attend a school out of county their data is not included). 3. % of cohort Dec 2021, Education Data Hub. 4. Fingertips. 5. Fingertips. 6. Fingertips. 7. Fingertips. 8. Annual Population Survey, ONS. 9. Fingertips. 10. Census 2011. 11. Census 2011. 12. Fingertips. 13. Fingertips.