

# Gloucestershire Pension Fund

## Conflicts of Interest Policy

v3.0

### Version Control

Document owner	Head of Pensions
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## **Introduction**

Conflicts of interest have always existed for those with LGPS Administering Authority responsibilities as well as advisers to LGPS funds. This reflects the fact that many of those managing or advising LGPS funds will have a variety of other roles and responsibilities, for example as a member of the scheme, as an elected member of an employer participating in the LGPS or as an adviser to more than one LGPS administering authority. Further any of those persons may have an individual personal, business or other interest which might conflict, or be perceived to conflict, with their role managing or advising LGPS funds.

It is generally accepted that LGPS administering authorities have both fiduciary and public law duties to act in the best interests of both the scheme beneficiaries and participating employers. This, however, does not preclude those involved in the management of the fund from having other roles or responsibilities which may result in an actual or potential conflict of interest. Gloucestershire County Council as Administering Authority of the Gloucestershire Pension Fund (the Fund) considers it good practice to document within a policy, such as this, how any such conflicts or potential conflicts are to be managed in relation to Fund matters.

This is the Conflicts of Interest Policy of the Gloucestershire Pension Fund, which is managed by Gloucestershire County Council (the "Administering Authority").

The Policy details how actual and potential conflicts of interest are identified and managed by those involved in the management and governance of the Fund, whether directly or in an advisory capacity.

This Conflicts of Interest Policy is established to guide the Pension Committee members, Pension Board members, officers and advisers. Along with other constitutional documents, including the various Codes of Conduct, it aims to ensure that those individuals do not act improperly or create a perception that they may have acted improperly. It is an aid to good governance, encouraging transparency and minimising the risk of any matter prejudicing decision making or management of the Fund otherwise.

## **Aims and Objectives**

The Gloucestershire Pension Fund's key governance objectives are:

- Act in the best interests of the Fund's members and employers
- Strive to ensure compliance with the appropriate legislation and statutory guidance, and to act in the spirit of other relevant guidelines and best practice guidance
- Act with integrity and be accountable to our stakeholders for our decisions, ensuring they are robust and well based
- Have robust governance arrangements in place to facilitate informed decision making, supported by appropriate advice, policies and strategies

The identification and management of potential and actual conflicts of interest is integral to the Fund achieving its governance objectives.

## Who does this Policy apply to?

This Policy applies to all members of the Pension Committee and the Pension Board, including scheme member and employer representatives, whether voting members or not. It applies to all officers involved in managing the Fund including the Section 151 officer, who are, from hereon in, collectively referred to as the 'senior officers of the Fund'. The Head of Pensions will monitor potential conflicts for all officers involved in the daily management of the Fund and highlight this Policy to them as the Head of Pensions considers appropriate.

This Policy and the management of conflicts of interest in general will have regard to each individual's role, whether this is a management, advisory or assisting role and includes responsibilities representing the Fund on other boards, committees, groups and bodies.

The Policy also applies to all advisers and suppliers to the Fund. In this Policy, reference to advisers includes all advisers, suppliers and other parties providing advice and services to the Administering Authority in relation to pension fund matters. This includes but is not limited to actuaries, investment consultants, independent advisers, benefits consultants, third party administrators, fund managers, lawyers, custodians and AVC providers. Where an advisory appointment is with a firm rather than an individual, reference to "advisers" is to all advisers responsible for the delivery of advice and services to the Administering Authority rather than the firm as a whole.

In accepting any role covered by this Policy, all individuals to which this Policy applies agree that they must:

- acknowledge any actual or potential conflict of interest they may have
- be open with the Administering Authority and any other body on which they represent the Administering Authority, on any actual or potential conflicts of interest they may have
- adopt practical solutions to managing those conflicts, and
- plan ahead and agree with the Administering Authority how they will manage any conflicts of interest which arise in future.

The procedures outlined later in this Policy provide a framework for each individual to meet these requirements.

## Legislative and related context

The overriding requirements in relation to the management of potential or actual conflicts of interest for those involved in LGPS funds are contained in various elements of legislation and guidance. These are considered further below.

### *The Public Service Pensions Act 2013*

Section 5 of this Act requires that the scheme manager (in the case of the LGPS, this is the Administering Authority) must be satisfied that a Pension Board Member does not have a conflict of interest at the point of appointment and thereafter. It also requires Board Members to provide reasonable information to the scheme manager for this

purpose. The Act defines a conflict of interest as “a financial or other interest which is likely to prejudice the person’s exercise of functions as a Member of the Board (but does not include a financial or other interest arising merely by virtue of membership of the scheme or any connected scheme).”

Further, the Act requires that scheme managers must have regard to any such guidance that the national Scheme Advisory Board issues (see below).

#### *The Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 2013*

Regulation 108 of these Regulations applies the requirements of the Public Service Pensions Act (as outlined above) to the LGPS, placing a duty on each Administering Authority to satisfy itself that Pension Board Members do not have conflicts of interest on appointment or whilst they are Members of the Board. It also requires those Pension Board Members to provide reasonable information to the Administering Authority in this regard. The Administering Authority will achieve this by regular monitoring and reviewing of the declarations of interest register.

Regulation 109 states that each Administering Authority must have regard to guidance issued by the Secretary of State in relation to Pension Boards. Further, regulation 110 provides that the national Scheme Advisory Board has a function of providing advice to Administering Authorities and Pension Boards. The LGPS national Scheme Advisory Board issued guidance relating to the establishment of Pension Boards including a section on conflicts of interest. This Conflicts of Interest Policy has been developed having regard to that guidance.

#### *The Pensions Act 2004*

The Public Service Pensions Act 2013 also added a number of provisions to the Pensions Act 2004 related to the governance of public service pension schemes and, in particular, conflicts of interest. Section 90A of the Pension Act 2004 requires the Pensions Regulator to issue a code of practice relating to conflicts of interest for Pension Board Members. The Pensions Regulator has issued such a code and this Conflicts of Interest Policy has been developed having regard to that code.

Further, under section 13, the Pensions Regulator can issue an improvement notice (i.e. a notice requiring steps to be taken to rectify a situation) where it is considered that the requirements relating to conflicts of interest for Pension Board Members are not being adhered to.

#### *The Pensions Regulator’s General Code*

Section 90A of the Pensions Act 2004:

- permits the Pensions Regulator to issue codes of practice containing practical guidance relating to the exercise of functions under relevant pensions legislation and
- requires the Pensions Regulator to issue a code of practice relating to a number of areas, one of which is internal controls.

The Pensions Regulator General Code of Practice includes the following modules relating to the management of Conflicts of Interest which either apply (due to underlying legal requirements) or are good practice for public service pension schemes:

- Conflicts of interest
- Appointment and role of the chair
- Remuneration and fee policy
- Knowledge and Understanding
- Managing advisers and service providers
- Identifying, evaluating, and recording risks
- Assurance reports on internal controls
- Own Risk assessment
- Systems of Governance
- Decision to Report

The Conflicts of Interest module of the Code sets out requirements in relation to how the governing body of a public service pension scheme should:

- Identify, record (within a register of interest) and review conflicts of interest both on appointment and at each meeting of the Pension Fund Committee, Pension Board and Advisory Panel
- Manage conflicts and mitigate the risks of tainted decision making through appropriate control measures.

#### *CIPFA Investment Pooling Governance Principles for LGPS Administering Authorities Guidance*

The CIPFA governance principles guidance states "the establishment of investment pooling arrangements creates a range of additional roles that committee members, representatives, officers and advisors might have." It includes some examples of how conflicts of interest could arise in these new roles. It highlights the need for Administering Authorities to:

- update their conflicts policies to have regard to asset pooling,
- remind all those involved with the management of the fund of the policy requirements and the potential for conflicts to arise in respect of asset pooling responsibilities, and
- ensure declarations are updated appropriately.

This Conflicts of Interest Policy takes account of the possibility of conflicts arising in relation to asset pooling in accordance with the CIPFA governance principles guidance.

#### *Localism Act 2011*

All members and co-opted members of the Gloucestershire Pension Committee are required by the Localism Act 2011 to register and declare 'disclosable pecuniary interests' and abide by Code of Conduct for Members and Co-opted Members of Gloucestershire County Council. That Code contains provisions relating to Code Interests and Disclosable Pecuniary Interests, their disclosure and limitations on members' participation where they have any such interest.

### *The Seven Principles of Standards in Public Life*

Also known as the 'Nolan Principles', the seven principles of public life apply to anyone who holds public office. This includes people who are elected or appointed to public office, nationally and locally, and all people appointed to work in:

- the civil service,
- local government,
- the police,
- the courts and probation services,
- non-departmental public bodies, and health, education, social and care services.

The principles also apply to all those in other sectors that deliver public services. Many of the principles are integral to the successful implementation of this Policy. The principles are as follows:

- selflessness,
- integrity,
- objectivity,
- accountability,
- openness,
- honesty, and
- leadership.

### *Advisers' Professional Standards*

Many advisers will be required to meet professional standards relating to the management of conflicts of interest, for example, the Fund Actuary will be bound by the requirements of the Institute and Faculty of Actuaries. Any Protocol or other document entered into between an adviser and the Administering Authority in relation to conflicts of interest, whether as a requirement of a professional body or otherwise, should be read in conjunction with this Policy.

## **Other Administering Authority Requirements**

### *Pension Board Members*

The Pension Board will formally adopt this policy in order to meet legislative requirements for the Board to have a policy on identifying and managing conflicts.

In addition to the requirements of this Policy, Pension Board Members are required to adhere to the Code of Conduct for Members and Co-opted Members of Gloucestershire County Council which sets out the expected standards of conduct, including requirements around registering and declaring interests.

### *Employees*

In addition to the requirements of this Policy, officers of Gloucestershire County Council are required to adhere to the Gloucestershire County Council Code of Conduct for Employees which includes requirements in relation to the disclosure and management of personal and other interests and receipt of gifts and hospitality.

### *Advisers*

The Administering Authority appoints its own advisers. We require that all advisers operate their own conflicts of interest policy from their appointment and throughout the term of their contract. There may be circumstances where these advisers are asked to give advice to scheme employers, or even to scheme members or member representatives such as the Trades Unions, in relation to pension matters. Similarly, an adviser may also be appointed to another administering authority which is involved in a transaction involving the Fund and on which advice is required, or to a supplier or organisation providing services to the Fund. An adviser can only continue to advise the Fund and another party where there is no conflict of interest in doing so.

An adviser appointed to advise the Pension Committee, Pension Board or Fund officers can be the same person, as long as any conflict of interest between the two roles can be eliminated or suitably managed.

### *Conduct at Meetings*

There may be circumstances where a representative of employers or members wishes to provide a specific point of view on behalf of an employer (or group of employers) or member (or group of members). The Administering Authority requires that any individual wishing to speak to advocate on behalf of a specific person or organisation or to represent the views of a group of such persons must state this clearly at the meeting and this will be recorded in the minutes.

## **What is a Conflict or Potential Conflict and how will they be managed?**

### *Identifying conflicts or potential conflicts of interest*

A conflict of interest is defined in section 5(5) of the Public Service Pensions Act 2013 as a financial or other interest likely to prejudice the way in which someone carries out their role<sup>1</sup>. It further specifies that a conflict does not include a financial or other interest arising merely by virtue of that person being a member of a relevant pension scheme.

Therefore, a conflict of interest may arise when an individual:

- has a responsibility or duty in relation to the management of, or provision of advice to, the LGPS fund administered by Gloucestershire County Council,
- at the same time, they:
  - have a separate personal interest (financial or otherwise), or
  - have another responsibility in relation to that matter, or have a family member or close colleague having a specific responsibility or interest in that matter which gives rise to a possible conflict with their first responsibility.

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<sup>1</sup> The Public Service Pensions Act 2013 defines a conflict of interest in the context of a member of a pension board however the definition is extracted here to apply to all stakeholders.

Gloucestershire County Council, as Administering Authority will:

- encourage a culture of openness and transparency
- encourage individuals to be vigilant, have a clear understanding of their role and the circumstances in which they may have a conflict of interest, and of how potential conflicts should be managed
- evaluate the nature of any dual interests or responsibilities that are highlighted and assess the impact on pension fund operations and good governance were an actual conflict of interest to materialise.

Some of the key areas of potential conflict relate to the dual roles held by Gloucestershire County Council as:

- Administering Authority to the Fund and a participating employer in Fund and
- Administering Authority to the Fund and as an owner and client of the Brunel Pensions Partnership Ltd in relation to the management of assets of the Fund - Brunel Pensions Partnership Ltd have set out their approach to conflicts of interest in their Conflict of Interest Policy<sup>2</sup>.

Some examples of potential conflicts including relating to these dual roles are included in Appendix 1.

Further details of how potential conflicts of interest should be identified and managed are set out in table 1 below.

#### *Monitoring and recording potential conflicts of interest*

All declarations should be collated and recorded on the Fund's Register of Conflicts of Interests (see Appendix 2 for details on the format of the register).

In order for the Administering Authority to fulfil its obligations to manage and monitor potential conflicts of interests the Pension Committee and the Pension Board must include an item on conflicts of interest at each meeting. The Pension Board must also include an item on conflict of interest in its Annual Report.

The Fund's Register of conflicts of interest may be viewed by any interested party at any point in time. It will be made available on request by the Head of Pensions. In order to identify whether the objectives of this Policy are being met, the Administering Authority will review the Register of conflicts of interest on an annual basis and consider whether there have been any potential or actual conflicts of interest that were not declared at the earliest opportunity. Further detail set out in table 1 below.

#### *Managing and mitigating potential conflicts of interest*

It is inevitable that conflicts of interest will arise, and it is important to recognise that there are various ways that conflict can be managed depending on the individual circumstances. These include:

- the individual concerned abstaining from discussion, decision-making or providing advice relating to the relevant issue,

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<sup>2</sup> Brunel Pensions Partnership Ltd Conflict of Interest Policy is available [here](#).

- the individual being excluded from the meeting(s) and any related correspondence or material in connection with the relevant issue (for example, a report for a Pension Committee meeting), or
- a working group or sub-committee being established, excluding the individual concerned, to consider the matter outside of the formal meeting (where the terms of reference permit this to happen).

Provided that the Administering Authority, (having taken any professional advice deemed to be required) is satisfied that the method of management is satisfactory, the Administering Authority shall endeavour to avoid the need to advise an individual to resign due to a conflict of interest or to request the appointing body to reconsider their appointment to the Board or Committee). Where a Pension Board Member has an actual conflict of interest as defined in the Public Service Pensions Act 2013, the individual will be required to resign from the Board.

**Table 1 – What is required?**

What is required	How this will be done
<i>Step 1 - Initial identification of interests which do or could give rise to a conflict</i>	<p>On appointment to their role or on the commencement of this Policy if later, all individuals will be provided with a copy of this Policy and be required to complete a Declaration of Interest the same or similar to that included in Appendix 3.</p> <p>The information contained in these declarations will be collated into the Pension Fund Register of conflicts of interest in a format the same or similar to that included in Appendix 2.</p>

<p><i>Step 2 - Ongoing notification and management of potential or actual conflicts of interest</i></p>	<p>At the commencement of any Pension Committee and Pension Board or other formal meeting where pension fund matters are to be discussed, the Chair will ask all those present who are covered by this Policy to declare any new potential conflicts. These will be recorded in the Fund's Register of conflicts of interest. In addition, the latest version of the Register will be made available by the Head of Pensions to the Chair of every meeting prior to that meeting.</p> <p>At Pension Committee meetings there will also, at the start of the meeting, be an agenda item for Members to declare any interests under the Members' Code in relation to any items on that agenda.</p> <p>Any individual who considers that they or another individual has a potential or actual conflict of interest, as defined by this Policy, which relates to an item of business at a meeting, must advise the Chair and the Head of Pensions prior to the meeting, where possible, or state this clearly at the meeting at the earliest possible opportunity. The Chair, in consultation with the Head of Pensions, should then decide whether the conflicted or potentially conflicted individual needs to leave the meeting during the discussion on the relevant matter or to withdraw from voting on the matter.</p> <p>If such a conflict is identified outside of a meeting the notification must be made to the Head of Pensions and where it relates to the business of any meeting, also to the Chair of that meeting. The Head of Pensions, in consultation with the Chair where relevant, will consider any necessary action to manage the potential or actual conflict.</p>
<p><b>What is required</b></p>	<p><b>How this will be done</b></p>
<p><i>Step 3 - Periodic review of potential and actual conflicts</i></p>	<p>Where information relating to any potential or actual conflict has been provided, the Head of Pensions may seek such professional advice as they deem appropriate (such as legal advice from the Monitoring Officer) on to how to manage any identified conflicts.</p> <p>Any such potential or actual conflicts of interest and the action taken must be recorded on the Fund's Register of conflicts of interest.</p>

## **Minor Gifts and Hospitality**

For the purposes of this Policy, gifts such as t-shirts, pens, trade show bags and other promotional items (subject to a notional maximum value of £25 per item) obtained at events such as conferences, training events, seminars, and trade shows, that are offered equally to all members of the public attending the event do not need to be declared. Gloucestershire County Council Officers are also required to comply with the Gloucestershire County Council's Declaration of Interests, Gifts and Hospitality Policy.

## **Responsibility**

Gloucestershire County Council as the Administering Authority for the Fund must be satisfied that conflicts of interest are appropriately managed. For this purpose, the Head of Pensions is the designated individual for ensuring the procedures outlined in this Policy are carried out. However, it is the responsibility of each individual covered by this Policy to identify any potential instances where their personal, financial, business or other interests might come into conflict with their pension fund duties and to follow the requirements of the Policy appropriately.

## **Operational procedure for officers, Pension Committee and Pension Board members**

The procedures in this Policy must be followed by all individuals to whom this policy applies.

However, it should be noted all members of the Pension Committee (including co-opted members) have a pre-eminent requirement to follow and abide by the requirements of the Gloucestershire County Council Members' Code of Conduct relating to the registering and declaring interests and withdrawal from meetings. Accordingly, for those members, disclosures under this policy may be in addition to disclosures under the Council's Code of Conduct. In addition, Pension Board members are also required to adhere to the Gloucestershire County Council Members' Code of Conduct.

## **Operational procedure for advisers**

All of the key advisers to the Fund are expected to have their own policies on how conflicts of interest will be managed in their relationships with their clients, and these should have been shared with the Administering Authority, Gloucestershire County Council.

Although this Policy applies to all advisers, the operational procedures outlined in steps 1 and 3 in the table above relating to completing ongoing declarations are not expected to apply to advisers. Instead all advisers must:

- be provided with a copy of this Policy on appointment and whenever it is updated,
- adhere to the principles of this Policy,
- provide, on request, information to the Head of Pensions in relation to how they will manage and monitor actual or potential conflicts of interests relating to the provision of advice or services to Gloucestershire County Council as Administering Authority,

- notify the Head of Pensions immediately should a potential or actual conflict of interest arise, and
- highlight at all meetings should a potential or actual conflict of interest arise, preferably at the start of the meeting.

All potential or actual conflicts notified by advisers will be recorded in the Fund's Register of conflicts of interest.

### **Key Risks**

The key risks to the delivery of this Policy are outlined below. All of these could result in an actual conflict of interest arising and not being properly managed. The Head of Pensions will monitor these and other key risks and consider how to respond to them.

- Insufficient training or poor understanding in relation to individuals' roles on pension fund matters,
- Insufficient training or failure to communicate the requirements of this Policy,
  - Failure by an individual to follow the requirements of this Policy,
- Absence of the individual nominated to manage the operational aspects of this Policy and no one deputising, or failure of that individual to carry out the operational aspects in accordance with this Policy, and
- Failure by the Chair to take appropriate action when a conflict is highlighted at a meeting

### **Costs**

All costs related to the operation and implementation of this Policy will be met directly by the Gloucestershire Pension Fund. However, no payments will be made to any individuals in relation to any time spent or expenses incurred in the disclosure or management of any potential or actual conflicts of interest under this Policy.

### **Approval, Review and Consultation**

This Conflicts of Interest Policy was most recently reviewed and approved on 19 September 2024 by the Pension Committee. It will be formally reviewed and updated at least every three years or sooner if the conflict management arrangements or other matters included within it merit reconsideration, including if there are any changes to the LGPS or other relevant Regulations or Guidance which need to be taken into account.

### **Further Information**

If you require further information about anything in or related to this Conflicts of Interest Policy, please contact:

Matthew Trebilcock  
Head of Pensions  
[matthew.trebilcock@gloucestershire.gov.uk](mailto:matthew.trebilcock@gloucestershire.gov.uk)

**Appendix 1** - Examples of Potential Conflicts of Interest

**Appendix 2** - Register of Potential and Actual Conflicts

**Appendix 3** - Declaration of Interests relating to the management of the Fund  
administered by Gloucestershire County Council

## Appendix 1 - Examples of Potential Conflicts of Interest

The examples provided are for illustrative purposes only and are not designed to be an exhaustive list.

<b>Examples of Pension Related Potential Conflict of Interest</b>
a) An elected member on the Pension Committee may be required to provide views on a funding strategy which could result in an increase in employer contributions payable by the employer they represent.
b) A member of the Pension Committee is a board member of an Investment Manager that the Committee is considering appointing.
c) An officer of the Fund or member of the Pension Committee is on a Brunel board/group and a matter is being considered that would benefit their originating Council or Pension Fund to a greater degree than other participating Councils or Funds.
d) An officer of the Fund or member of the Pension Committee accepts a dinner invitation from a Fund Manager who has submitted a bid as part of a tender process or might be in the process of preparing a bid for an open tender process.
e) The senior pension fund officer appointed to consider internal disputes is asked to review a case relating to a close friend or relative.
f) The senior pension fund officer is asked to provide technical advice to a scheme employer about an outsourcing contract. This includes questions about the impact on that employer and their employer requirements relating to the outsourcing contract. That senior pension fund officer is also (or will be) involved in similar matters from a Pension Fund perspective relating to that outsourcing.
g) An elected member on the Pension Committee has a role in driving carbon reduction in their local authority area, which is also the administering authority, to targets and net zero ambitions that may differ to the carbon reduction targets and net zero ambitions of the Fund.
h) An elected member on the Pension Committee, who also sits on the Brunel Oversight Board, also has a role on their local authority in relation to local infrastructure, and there is a potential investment being considered by Brunel Pensions Partnership which the Fund might invest in.
i) An administrator in the Fund receives a case to calculate a benefit which relates to a family member, close friend or colleague.
j) An employer representative on the Pension Board is employed by a company to which the administering authority has outsourced its pension administration services and the Pension Board is reviewing the standards of service provided by that company.
k) A Fund adviser is party to the development of a strategy which could result in additional work for their firm, for example, providing delegated or fiduciary management of Fund investments, providing assistance with monitoring the covenant of employers or where they are also advisers to the Brunel Pensions Partnership Ltd.

## **Appendix 2 - Gloucestershire Pension Fund – Register of Potential and Actual Conflicts of Interest**

All reported conflicts of interest will be recorded in the minutes and we will maintain and review a register of conflicts annually.

- (1)** e.g. verbal declaration at meeting, written conflicts declaration, etc
- (2)** e.g. withdrawing from a decision-making process, left meeting

### Appendix 3

#### Declaration of Interests relating to the management of the Gloucestershire Pension Fund as administered by Gloucestershire County Council

I, \_\_\_\_\_ [insert full name], am:

- an officer involved in the management
- a Pension Fund Committee Member
- a Pension Board Member

of the Gloucestershire Pension Fund and I set out below under the appropriate headings my interests, which I am required to declare under the Gloucestershire Pensions Funds Conflicts of Interest Policy. I have put 'none' where I have no such interests under any heading.

#### **Responsibilities or other interests that could result in a conflict of interest** (please list and continue overleaf if necessary):

*A) Relating to me*

*B) Relating to family members or close colleagues*

#### **Undertaking:**

I declare that I understand my responsibilities under the Gloucestershire Pension Fund Conflicts of Interest Policy. I undertake to notify the Head of Pensions of any changes in the information set out above.

Signed: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: (CAPITAL LETTERS): \_\_\_\_\_

## Version Control

Date	Author	Description / Changes made	Version number
24/09/2021	Matthew Trebilcock	Original Gloucestershire Pension Fund version	1.0
19/09/2024	Matthew Trebilcock	Reviewed and amended version, to include TPR General Code requirements	2.0
13/10/2024	Matthew Trebilcock	Amendment to Appendix 1 g) and also review and amendment to ensure gender neutrality in the policy	3.0